



# KB399

Motorcycle  
Motocyclette  
Motorrad

---

## OWNER'S MANUAL MANUEL DE L'UTILISATEUR BETRIEBSANLEITUNG

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- ⚠ Read this manual carefully. It contains safety information.
- ⚠ Lire ce manuel attentivement. Il contient des consignes de sécurité.
- ⚠ Anleitung bitte sorgfältig lesen. Sie enthält Informationen zur Sicherheit.



**ENGLISH**

# **Motorcycle Owner's Manual**

Original instructions



# Quick Reference Guide

This Quick Reference Guide will assist you in finding the information you're looking for.

**SAFETY INFORMATION**

**GENERAL INFORMATION**

**HOW TO RIDE THE MOTORCYCLE**

**MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT**

**APPENDIX**

**MAINTENANCE RECORD**

A Table of Contents is included after the Foreword.

The Bluetooth® word mark and logos are registered trademarks owned by Bluetooth SIG, Inc.

Whenever you see the symbols shown below, heed their instructions! Always follow safe operating and maintenance practices.



## **DANGER**

**DANGER** indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



## **WARNING**

**WARNING** indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

## **NOTICE**

**NOTICE** is used to address practices not related to personal injury.

## **NOTE**

- *NOTE indicates information that may help or guide you in the operation or service of the vehicle.*

## Foreword

Congratulations on your purchase of a new Bimota motorcycle. Your new motorcycle is the product of Bimota's advanced engineering, exhaustive testing, and continuous striving for superior reliability, safety and performance.

This product has been manufactured for use in a reasonable and prudent manner by a qualified operator and as a vehicle only.

**Please read this Owner's Manual carefully before riding** so that you will be thoroughly familiar with the proper operation of your motorcycle's controls, its features, capabilities, and limitations. This manual offers many safe riding tips, but its purpose is not to provide instruction in all the techniques and skills required to ride a motorcycle safely. Bimota strongly recommends that all operators of this vehicle enroll in a motorcycle rider training program to attain awareness of the mental and physical requirements necessary for safe motorcycle operation.

To ensure a long, trouble-free life for your motorcycle, give it the proper care and maintenance described in this manual. For those who would like more detailed information on their Bimota Motorcycle, a Service Manual is available for purchase from any authorized Bimota motorcycle dealer. The Service Manual contains detailed disassembly and maintenance information. Those who plan to do

their own work should, of course, be competent mechanics and possess the special tools described in the Service Manual.

Keep this Owner's Manual aboard your motorcycle at all times so that you can refer to it whenever you need information.

This manual should be considered a permanent part of the motorcycle and should remain with the motorcycle when it is sold.

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**BIMOTA S.P.A.**

**KAWASAKI MOTORS, LTD.**

## Online Owner's Manual

This publication includes the latest information available at the time of printing. However, there may be minor differences between the actual product and illustrations and text in this manual.

All products are subject to change without prior notice or obligation. Any updated information is available in the online Owner's Manual on Bimota's website.

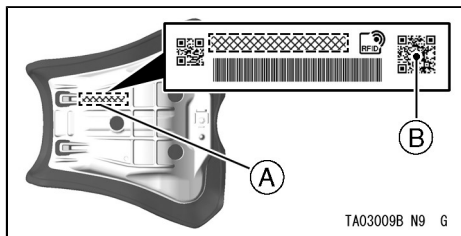
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QR00634D Z1

## Vehicle Information Label

You can obtain vehicle information by scanning the right-hand QR code in the label located behind the seat.



**A. Vehicle Information Label**

**B. QR Code**

Since this vehicle information label is an important label that allows to check vehicle information, when replace a part with a label attached, or if the label comes off, please keep it in a safe place to avoid losing it.

### NOTE

- *QR code is a registered trademark of DENSO WAVE INC.*
- *This label may not be included on all specifications and model years of vehicles.*

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## SAFETY INFORMATION

### Read Owner's Manual

Read this Owner's Manual carefully before riding so that you will be thoroughly familiar with the proper operation of your motorcycle's controls, its features, capabilities, and limitations. This manual offers many safe riding tips, but its purpose is not to provide instruction in all of the techniques and skills required to ride a motorcycle safely.

### Training

Bimota strongly recommends that all operators of this vehicle complete a suitable motorcycle rider training program to learn the proper skills and techniques necessary for safe motorcycle operation.

### Daily Checks and Periodic Maintenance

It is important to keep your motorcycle properly maintained and in safe riding condition. Inspect your motorcycle before every ride and carry out all periodic maintenance. See the Daily Checks section and the Periodic Maintenance section in the MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT chapter for more information.

(see page 134)



### **WARNING**

**Failure to perform these checks or to correct a problem before operation may result in serious damage or an accident. Always perform daily checks before operation.**

To ensure your motorcycle is serviced using the latest servicing information, it is recommended that an authorized Bimota Dealer performs the periodic maintenance as directed in the Owner's Manual.

If you notice any irregular operating condition, have your motorcycle thoroughly checked at an authorized Bimota dealer as soon as possible.

## **Loading and Accessories Information**



### **WARNING**

**Incorrect loading, improper installation or use of accessories or modification of your motorcycle may result in an unsafe riding condition. Before you ride the motorcycle, make sure it is not overloaded and that you have followed these instructions.**

#### **Maximum Load**

**Weight of rider, passenger, baggage, and accessories must not exceed 180 kg (397 lb).**

With the exception of genuine Bimota Parts and Accessories, Bimota has no control over the design or application of accessories. In some cases,

improper installation or use of accessories, or motorcycle modification, will void the motorcycle warranty; can negatively affect performance, stability and safety; and can even be illegal.

In selecting and using accessories, and in loading the motorcycle, you are personally responsible for your own safety and the safety of other persons involved.

### NOTE

- *Bimota Parts and Accessories have been specially designed for use on Bimota motorcycles. We strongly recommend that all parts and accessories you add to your motorcycle be genuine Bimota components.*

Because a motorcycle is sensitive to changes in weight and aerodynamic forces, you must take extreme care in carrying cargo, passengers and/or in fitting additional accessories. The

following general guidelines have been prepared to assist you in making your determinations.

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### Passenger

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- Never carry more than one passenger.
- The passenger should only sit on the pillion.
- Any passenger should be thoroughly familiar with motorcycle operation. The passenger can affect control of the motorcycle by improper positioning during cornering and sudden movements. It is important that the passenger sits still while the motorcycle is in motion and not interfere with the operation of the motorcycle. Do not carry animals on your motorcycle.
- Do not carry passengers unless passenger footpegs are installed. Instruct any passenger before riding

## 16 SAFETY INFORMATION

to keep his or her feet on the passenger footpegs and hold on to the operator or seat strap. Do not carry a passenger unless he or she is tall enough to reach the footpegs with their feet.

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### Baggage and Luggage

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- All baggage should be carried as low as possible to reduce the effect on the motorcycle's center of gravity. Baggage weight should also be distributed equally on both sides of the motorcycle. Avoid carrying baggage that extends beyond the rear of the motorcycle.
- Baggage should be securely attached. Make sure that the baggage will not move around while you are riding. Recheck baggage security as often as possible (not while the motorcycle is in motion) and adjust as necessary.

- Do not carry heavy or bulky items on a luggage rack. It is designed for light items, and overloading can affect handling due to changes in weight distribution and aerodynamic forces.

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### Accessories

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- Do not install accessories or carry baggage that impairs the performance of the motorcycle. Make sure that you have not adversely affected any lighting components, road clearance, banking capability (i. e., lean angle), control operation, wheel travel, front fork movement, or any other aspects of the motorcycle's operation.
- Weight attached to the handlebar or front fork will increase the mass of the steering assembly and can result in an unsafe riding condition.

- Fairings, windshields, backrests, and other large items have the capability of adversely affecting stability and handling of the motorcycle, not only due to their weight, but also due to the aerodynamic force acting on these surfaces while the motorcycle is in operation. Poorly designed or installed items can result in an unsafe riding condition. If lugs are provided on the swingarm to attach accessory rear stand adapters, always remove the rear stand adapters before riding or sitting on the machine to prevent possible damage to the muffler or swingarm.

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## **Other Load**

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- This motorcycle is not intended to be equipped with a sidecar or to be used to tow any trailers or other vehicles. Bimota does not manufacture sidecars or trailers for motorcycles

and cannot predict the effects of such accessories on handling or stability, but can only warn that the effects can be adverse and that Bimota cannot assume responsibility for the results of such unintended use of the motorcycle.

- Furthermore, any adverse effects on motorcycle components caused by the use of such accessories will not be remedied under warranty.

## **If You are Involved in an Accident**

Make sure of your own safety first. Determine the severity of any injuries and call for emergency assistance if needed. Always follow applicable laws and regulations if any other person, vehicle or property is involved.

Do not attempt to continue riding without first evaluating your

## 18 SAFETY INFORMATION

motorcycle's condition. Inspect for fluid leaks, check critical nuts and bolts, and check the handlebars, control levers, brakes, and wheels for damage and proper function. Ride slowly and cautiously - your motorcycle may have suffered damage that is not immediately apparent. Have your motorcycle thoroughly checked at a Bimota dealer as soon as possible.

### Safe Operation

The following should be carefully observed for safe and effective vehicle operation.

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### Carbon Monoxide Hazard

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**Exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide, a colorless, odorless poisonous gas. Inhaling carbon monoxide can cause serious brain injury or death. DO NOT run the engine in enclosed areas. Operate only in a well-ventilated area.**

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## Fueling

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### WARNING

**Gasoline is extremely flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions. To prevent fire or explosion, turn the ignition key off. Do not smoke. Make sure the area is well ventilated and free from any source of flame or sparks; this includes any appliance with a pilot light.**

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## Never Ride with Drugs or Alcohol

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Alcohol and drugs impair your judgment and reaction time. Never consume alcohol or drugs before or while riding motorcycles.

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## Protective Gear and Clothing

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### *Helmet*

Bimota strongly recommends the operator and passenger wear a helmet even if this is not a legal requirement.

- Make sure that your helmet fits correctly and is properly fastened.
- Choose a motorcycle helmet that meets the safety standards applicable to your country. Ask your motorcycle dealer to advise you if necessary.

### *Eye Protection*

Always use eye protection. If your helmet does not have a visor installed, wear goggles.

### *Gloves*

Wear gloves which have suitable protection for your hands, especially against abrasion.

## 20 SAFETY INFORMATION

### ***Clothing***

Wear the riding wear which have protectors for each parts of the body (chest, shoulders, back, elbows and knees, etc.) as much as possible, or wear protectors for them.

- Always wear a long-sleeved jacket and long trousers which are abrasion resistant and keep you warm.
- Wear clothing that allows freedom of movement.
- Avoid wearing clothes which have loose cuffs or other fastenings which could interfere with the controls of your motorcycle.
- Wear bright, highly visible clothing.

### ***Boots***

Wear proper protective boots that fit properly and do not interfere with gear shifting or braking.

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## **Safe Riding Techniques**

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### ***Keep Hands on Handlebars***

When riding always keep both hands on the handlebars and both feet on the footpegs. Removing your hands from the handlebars or feet from the footpegs while riding can be hazardous. If you remove even one hand or foot, you reduce your ability to control the motorcycle.

### ***Look Over Your Shoulder***

Before changing lanes, look over your shoulder to make sure the way is clear. Do not rely solely on the rear view mirror; you may misjudge a vehicle's distance and speed, or you may not see it at all.

### ***Accelerate and Brake Smoothly***

In general your actions should be smooth as sudden acceleration,

braking or turning may cause loss of control, especially when riding in wet conditions or on loose road surfaces, when the ability to maneuver will be reduced.

### ***Select Correct Gear Speeds***

When going up steep slopes, shift to a lower gear so that there is power to spare rather than overloading the engine.

### ***Use Both Front and Rear Brakes***

When applying the brakes, use both the front and rear brakes. Applying only one brake for sudden braking may cause the motorcycle to skid and lose control.

### ***Use Engine Brake***

When going down long slopes, help control vehicle speed by closing the throttle so that the engine can act as

an auxiliary brake. Use the front and rear brakes for primary braking.

### ***Riding in Wet Conditions***

Rely more on the throttle to control vehicle speed and less on the front and rear brakes. The throttle should also be used judiciously to avoid skidding the rear wheel from too rapid acceleration or deceleration.

Braking performance is also reduced in wet conditions. Carefully ride at a slow speed and apply the brakes several times to help dry and restores them to normal operating performance.

Lubricate the drive chain after wet-weather riding to prevent rust and corrosion.

### ***Ride Prudently***

Riding at the proper speed and avoiding unnecessarily fast

## 22 SAFETY INFORMATION

acceleration are important not only for safety and low fuel consumption but also for long vehicle life and quieter operation.

### ***Riding on Rough Roads***

Exercise caution, slow down, and grip the fuel tank with the knees for better stability.

### ***Acceleration***

When quick acceleration is necessary to pass another vehicle, shift to a lower gear to obtain the necessary power.

### ***Downshifting***

To avoid engine damage and rear-wheel lock-up do not downshift at high rpm.

### ***Avoid Unnecessary Weaving***

Unnecessary weaving jeopardizes the safety of both the rider and other motorists.

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## **Additional Considerations for High Speed Operation**

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### **WARNING**

**Handling characteristics of a motorcycle at high speeds may vary from those you are familiar with at legal highway speeds. Do not attempt high speed operation unless you have received sufficient training and have the required skills.**

**Do not operate at high speeds on public roads.**

## ***Brakes***

The importance of the brakes, especially during high speed operation, cannot be overemphasized. Check to see that they are correctly adjusted and functioning properly.

## ***Steering***

Looseness in the steering can cause loss of control. Check to see that the handlebar turns freely but has no play.

## ***Tires***

High speed operation is hard on tires, and good tires are crucial for safe riding. Examine their overall condition, inflate them to the proper pressure, and check the wheel balance.

## ***Fuel***

Have sufficient fuel for the high fuel consumption during high speed operation.

## ***Engine Oil***

To avoid engine seizure and resulting loss of control, make sure that the oil level is at the upper level line.

## ***Coolant***

To avoid overheating, check that the coolant level is at the upper level line.

## ***Electrical Equipment***

Make sure that the headlight, brake/tail light, turn signals, horn, etc., all work properly.

## ***Miscellaneous***

Make sure that all nuts and bolts are tight and that all safety related parts are in good condition.

## GENERAL INFORMATION

### Specifications

#### ENGINE

Spark Plug:

Type

NGK LMAR9G

Gap

0.7 – 0.8 mm (0.028 – 0.031 in.)

Engine Oil:

Type

API SJ, SL, SM, SN, SN PLUS, SP with JASO MA, MA1 or MA2

Viscosity

SAE 10W-40

Capacity

3.0 L (3.2 US qt)

Coolant Capacity

2.0 L (2.1 US qt)

#### FRAME

Tire Size:

Front

120/70ZR17 M/C (58W)

Rear

160/60ZR17 M/C (69W)

Fuel Tank Capacity

15 L (4.0 US gal)

## Brake Fluid:

|       |      |
|-------|------|
| Front | DOT4 |
| Rear  | DOT4 |

**ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT**

|         |                     |
|---------|---------------------|
| Battery | 12 V 8.6 Ah (10 HR) |
|---------|---------------------|

## Headlight:

|                     |     |
|---------------------|-----|
| High Beam           | LED |
| Low Beam            | LED |
| City Light          | LED |
| Brake/Tail Light    | LED |
| Turn Signal Light   | LED |
| License Plate Light | LED |

Even if any one element of LED (Light Emitting Diode) light does not go on, consult with an authorized Bimota dealer.

For detailed full information, any updated information are available in the Bimota's website. Also, specifications are subject to change without notice.

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### [Specifications]

[https://bimota.ktivs.net/disperBook?file=99888-0635-01&lang\\_code=EN](https://bimota.ktivs.net/disperBook?file=99888-0635-01&lang_code=EN)

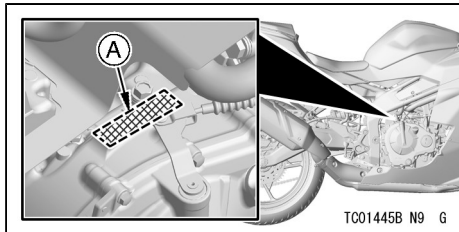


QR00622D Z1

## Serial Number Locations

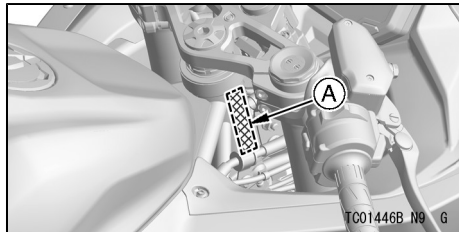
The engine and frame serial numbers are used to register the motorcycle. They are the only means of identifying your particular machine from others of the same model type. These serial numbers may be needed by your dealer when ordering parts. In the event of theft, the investigating authorities will require both numbers as well as the model type and any peculiar features of your machine that can help them identify it.

### Engine No.



**A. Engine Number**

### Frame No.



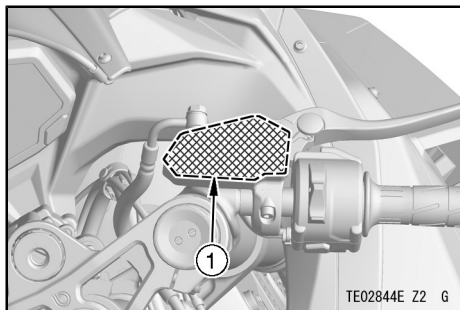
**A. Frame Number**

### Location of Labels

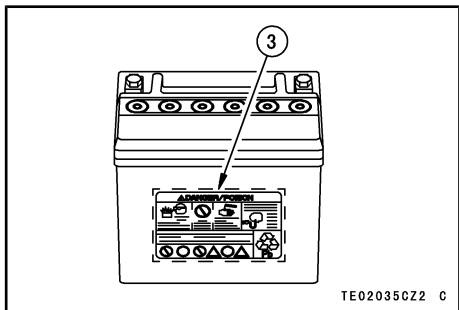
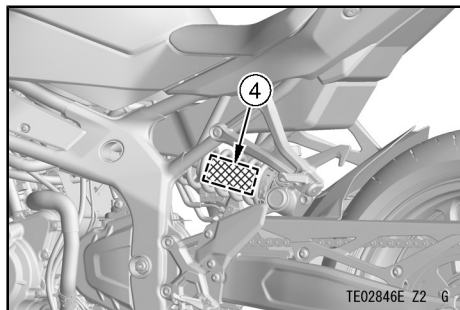
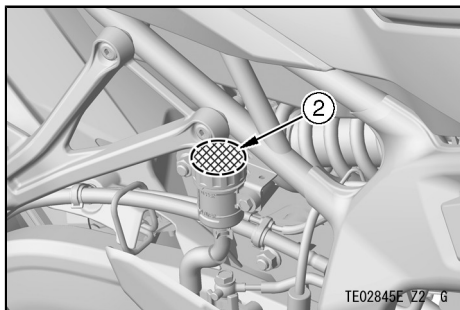
All warning labels which are on your vehicle are repeated here. Read labels on your vehicle and understand them thoroughly. They contain information which is important for your safety and the safety of anyone else who may operate your vehicle. Therefore, it is very important that all warning labels be on your vehicle in the locations shown. If any label is missing, damaged, or worn, get a replacement from your Bimota dealer and install it in the correct position.

#### NOTE

- *Refer to the actual vehicle label for model specific data grayed out in the illustration.*

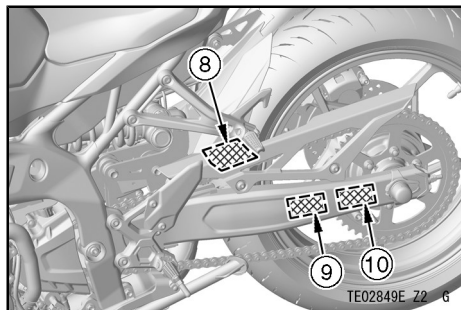
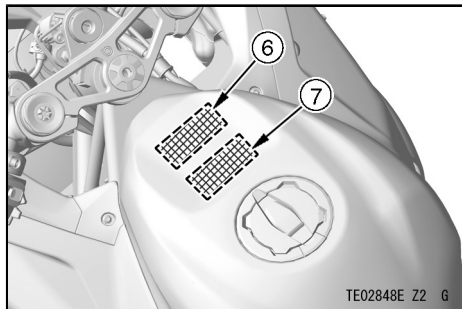
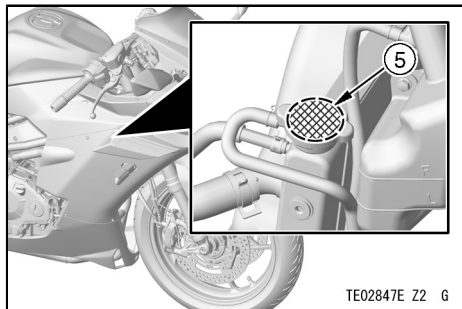


**1. Brake Fluid (Front)**



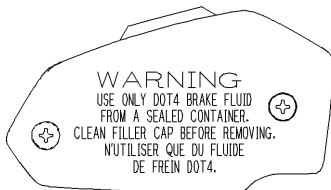
- 2. Brake Fluid (Rear)
- 3. Battery Poison/Danger
- 4. Rear Shock Absorber Warning

## 30 GENERAL INFORMATION



- 5. Radiator Cap Danger
- 6. Fuel Identification
- 7. Fuel Notice
- 8. Tire and Load Data
- 9. Important Drive Chain Information
- 10. Noise Test Information

1)

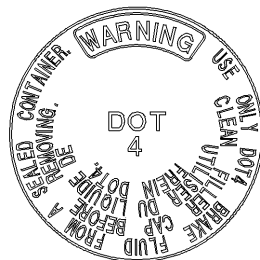


TE03000G Z2 S

**WARNING**

- Use only DOT4 brake fluid from a sealed container.
- Clean filler cap before removing.

2)



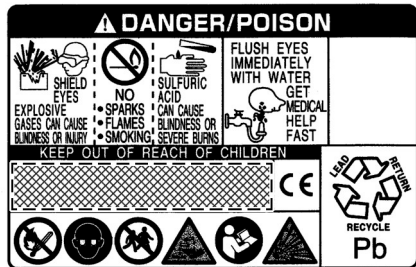
TE03920F Z2 S

**WARNING**

- Use only DOT4 brake fluid from a sealed container.
- Clean filler cap before removing.

## 32 GENERAL INFORMATION

3)



TE03941F Z2 G

### DANGER/POISON

- Shield eyes. Explosive gases can cause blindness or injury.
- No sparks, flames, smoking.
- Sulfuric acid can cause blindness or severe burns.
- Flush eyes immediately with water. Get medical help fast.
- Keep out of reach of children.

4) KB400A



TE03999F Z2 S

### WARNING

This unit contains high pressure nitrogen gas. Mishandling can cause explosion.

- Do not incinerate, puncture or open.

## 4) KB400B



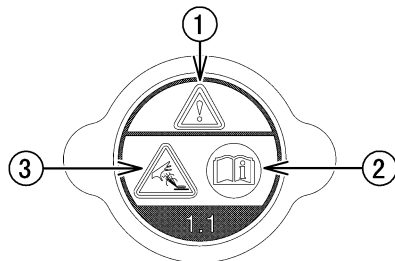
TE03956F Z2 S

**WARNING**

This unit contains high pressure nitrogen gas. Mishandling can cause explosion.

- Do not incinerate, puncture or open.

## 5)



TE03981F Z2 S

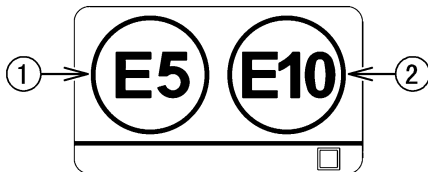
1. Safety alert symbol

2. Read Owner's Manual (see page 13)

3. Never Open When Hot

## 34 GENERAL INFORMATION

6)

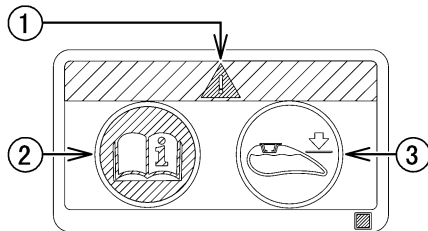


TE03983F Z2 S

Use fuel identified by either of the above symbols.

1. Gasoline containing up to 5% ethanol by volume
  2. Gasoline containing up to 10% ethanol by volume
- (see page 103)

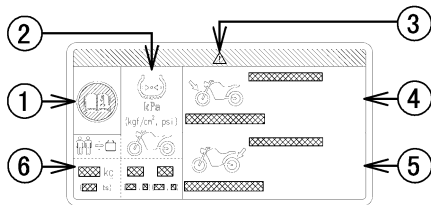
7)



TE03993F Z2 S

1. Safety alert symbol
2. Read Owner's Manual(see page 13)
3. Fuel level(see page 103)

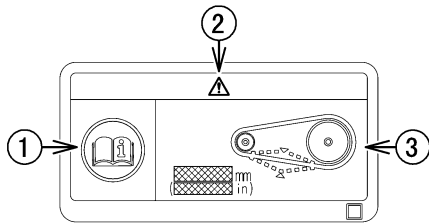
8)



TE03994F Z2 S

1. Read Owner's Manual (see page 13)
2. Tire pressure (see page 175)
3. Safety alert symbol
4. Front tire size and manufacture (see page 178)
5. Rear tire size and manufacture (see page 178)
6. Maximum load (see page 14)

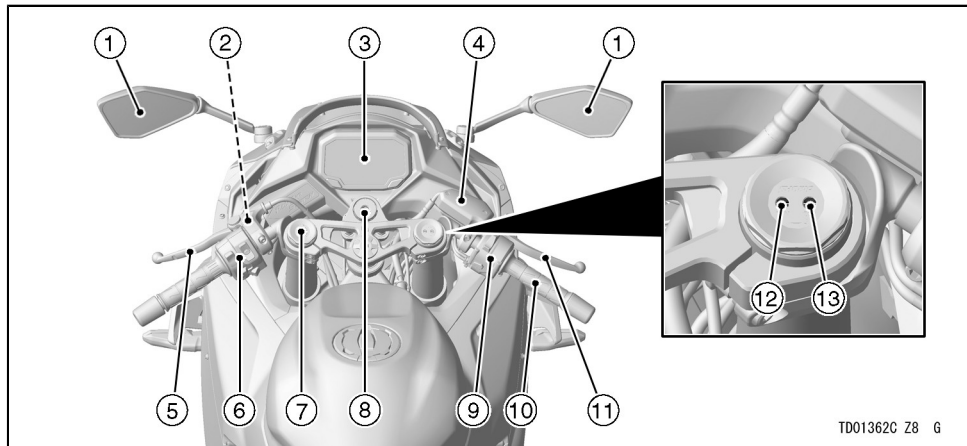
9)



TE03985F Z2 S

1. Read Owner's Manual (see page 13)
2. Safety alert symbol
3. Drive chain slack (see page 153)

## Location of Parts

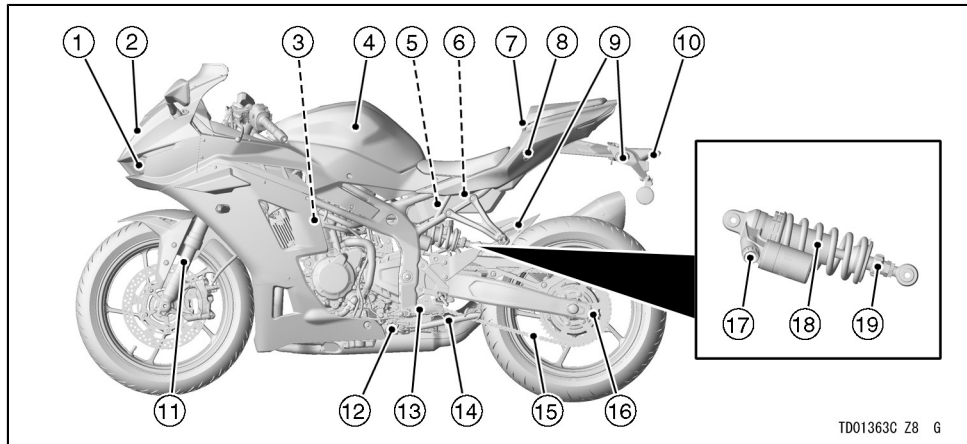


TD01362C Z8 G

- 1. Rear View Mirrors
- 2. Starter Lockout Switch
- 3. Meter Instrument
- 4. Brake Fluid Reservoir (Front)
- 5. Clutch Lever
- 6. Left Handlebar Switches
- 7. Spring Preload Adjuster

- 8. Ignition Switch/Steering Lock
- 9. Right Handlebar Switches
- 10. Throttle Grip
- 11. Front Brake Lever
- 12. Rebound Damping Force Adjuster
- 13. Compression Damping Force Adjuster

## KB400A



TD01363C Z8 G

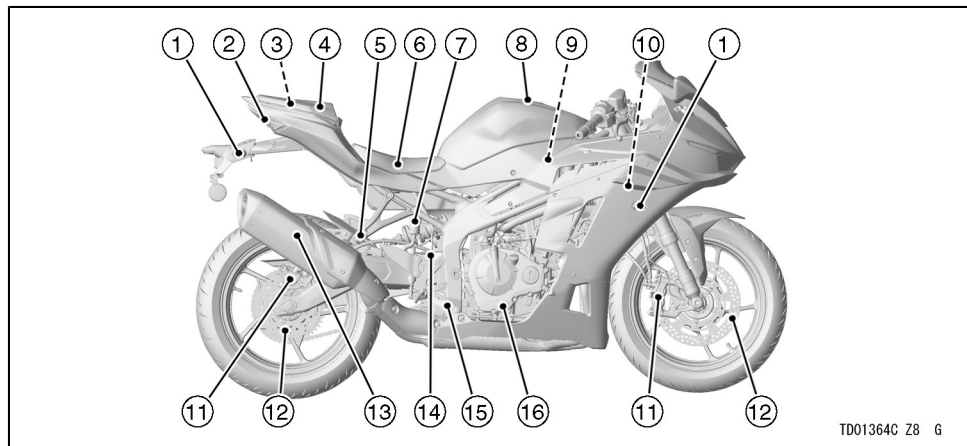
1. Headlight
2. Air Cleaner Intake
3. Spark Plugs
4. Fuel Tank
5. Battery
6. Fuse Boxes
7. Seat Strap
8. Seat Lock

9. Tie Hooks
10. License Plate Light
11. Front Fork
12. Side Stand Switch
13. Shift Pedal
14. Side Stand
15. Drive Chain
16. Chain Adjuster

17. Compression Damping Force Adjuster
18. Rear Shock Absorber
19. Rebound Damping Force Adjuster

## 38 GENERAL INFORMATION

### KB400A



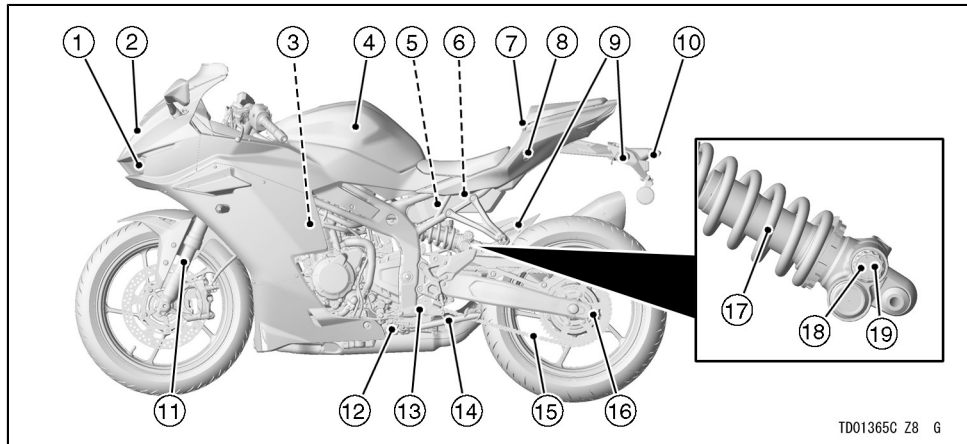
TD01364C Z8 G

- 1. Turn Signal Lights
- 2. Brake/Tail Light
- 3. Tool Kit
- 4. Passenger's Seat
- 5. Rear Footpeg
- 6. Rider's Seat
- 7. Brake Fluid Reservoir (Rear)

- 8. Fuel Tank Cap
- 9. Air Cleaner
- 10. Coolant Reserve Tank
- 11. Brake Calipers
- 12. Brake Discs
- 13. Muffler
- 14. Rear Brake Light Switch
- 15. Brake Pedal

- 16. Oil Level Inspection Window

## KB400B



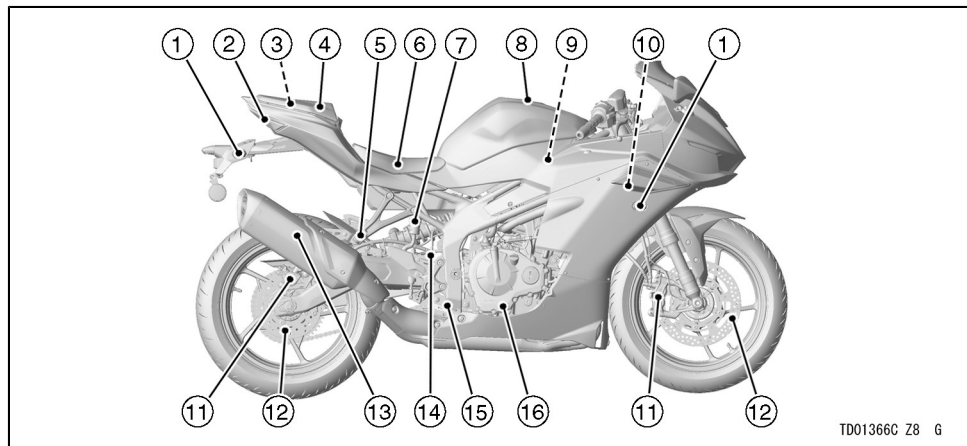
1. Headlight
2. Air Cleaner Intake
3. Spark Plugs
4. Fuel Tank
5. Battery
6. Fuse Boxes
7. Seat Strap
8. Seat Lock

9. Tie Hooks
10. License Plate Light
11. Front Fork
12. Side Stand Switch
13. Shift Pedal
14. Side Stand
15. Drive Chain
16. Chain Adjuster

17. Rear Shock Absorber
18. Rebound Damping Force Adjuster
19. Compression Damping Force Adjuster

## 40 GENERAL INFORMATION

### KB400B



TD01366C Z8 G

- 1. Turn Signal Lights
- 2. Brake/Tail Light
- 3. Tool Kit
- 4. Passenger's Seat
- 5. Rear Footpeg
- 6. Rider's Seat
- 7. Brake Fluid Reservoir (Rear)

- 8. Fuel Tank Cap
- 9. Air Cleaner
- 10. Coolant Reserve Tank
- 11. Brake Calipers
- 12. Brake Discs
- 13. Muffler
- 14. Rear Brake Light Switch
- 15. Brake Pedal

- 16. Oil Level Inspection Window

## Meter Instruments

The display layout can be switched from two different types. Refer to the Setting Screen section ([see page 74](#)).

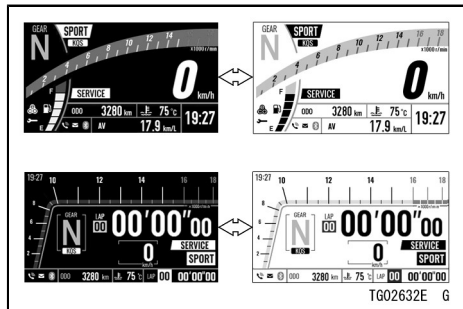


TG02629F Z8 G

1. Display Screen
2. Right Meter Button
3. Ambient Brightness Sensor
4. Left Meter Button

## Background Color Change

- When the current mileage, cruising range, battery voltage or stopwatch is displayed on multifunction display, pushing and holding the right meter button to invert the background color of the display screen.



➡ : Flow when pushing and holding the right meter button

## NOTE

- When the average mileage, average speed or total time is displayed on multifunction display, pushing and holding right meter button resets item and the background color of the display screen does not invert.

## Ambient Brightness Sensor

The brightness of the meter instrument is controlled automatically depending on the ambient brightness.

## NOTE

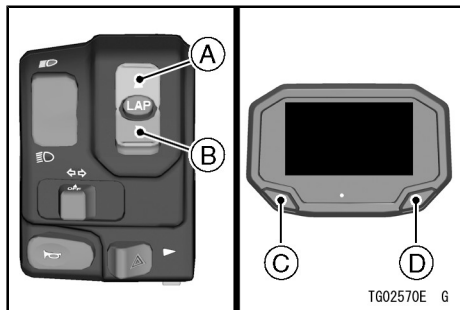
- Be careful not to cover the ambient brightness sensor on the meter instrument while riding the motorcycle.

## Meter Instrument Brightness Setting

- The brightness of the meter instrument can be adjusted manually in two levels. Refer to Brightness in the Setting Screen section (see page 74).

## Control Buttons

The upper and lower buttons on the left handlebar and left and right buttons on the meter are used to operate the various functions of the display screen.

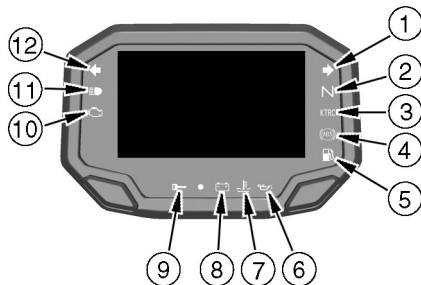


- A. Upper Button
- B. Lower Button
- C. Left Meter Button
- D. Right Meter Button

## 44 GENERAL INFORMATION

### Indicators

- ➔ Right Turn Signal Indicator (Green)
- N Neutral Indicator (Green)
- KTRC KTRC Indicator (Yellow)
- ABS ABS Indicator (Yellow)
- Fuel Level Warning Indicator (Yellow)
- Oil Pressure Warning Indicator (Red)
- Coolant Temperature Warning Indicator (Red)
- Battery Warning Indicator (Red)
- Immobilizer Warning Indicator (Red)
- Engine Warning Indicator (Yellow)
- High Beam Indicator (Blue)
- ← Left Turn Signal Indicator (Green)



## Indicator Initial Operation



TG02633F Z2 G

When the ignition switch is turned on, all indicators go on/off as shown in the table. If any indicator does not operate as shown, have it checked by an authorized Bimota dealer.

| ON                       |                                     |                                     | Indicators |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/>            | N          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |            |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | KTRC       |

ON: When ignition switch is turned on.

: After a few seconds

: When engine starts.

☐: Goes on.

☒: Goes off.

\*: goes off shortly after the motorcycle starts moving.

## 46 GENERAL INFORMATION

### ***When Warning Indicators Go On or Blink***

When warning indicators appear, there could be a problem with vehicle function. Follow actions in the table after stopping the vehicle in a safe place.

| Indicators                                                                        | Status | Actions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|   | Blink  | The immobilizer system has malfunctioned. This indicator blinks if an improperly coded key is used or if there is a miscommunication between the antenna and key. Contact an authorized Bimota dealer.                                                                                                                   |
|  | ON     | This indicator goes on if the battery voltage is less than 11.0 V or more than 16.0 V. If the voltage is less than 11.0 V, charge the battery. If it does not solve the problem, contact an authorized Bimota dealer.                                                                                                    |
|  | ON     | This indicator goes on whenever the coolant temperature rises too high when the motorcycle is in operation. Stop the engine and check the coolant level in the reserve tank after the engine cools down. If the amount of coolant is insufficient, add coolant to the reserve tank. Contact an authorized Bimota dealer. |

| Indicators                                                                        | Status | Actions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | ON     | This indicator goes on whenever the oil pressure is dangerously low or the ignition switch is turned on with the engine not running. If this indicator goes on when the engine speed is above idle, stop the engine immediately and check the engine oil level. If the amount of engine oil is insufficient, add engine oil. If the oil level is good, contact an authorized Bimota dealer. |
|  | ON     | Usable Fuel Remains: Approximately 4.2 L (1.1 US gal)<br>Refuel at the earliest opportunity. If the vehicle is on the side stand, the warning indicator cannot estimate the amount of fuel in the tank. Stand the vehicle upright to check the fuel level.                                                                                                                                  |
|                                                                                   | Blink  | The fuel level warning system has malfunctioned. Contact an authorized Bimota dealer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|  | ON     | The DFI system has malfunctioned. Contact an authorized Bimota dealer.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                                                                                   | Blink  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|  | ON     | ABS indicator may go on under following specific condition*1. If this indicator appears, first turn the ignition switch off, and then back on, and ride the motorcycle. The ABS indicator should then go off. If it does not, the ABS may have malfunctioned. ABS will not work but conventional brakes function. Contact an authorized Bimota dealer.                                      |

## 48 GENERAL INFORMATION

- \*1:
- After continuous riding on a rough road.
  - When the engine is started with the stand raised and the transmission engaged, and the rear wheel turns.
  - When accelerating so abruptly that the front wheel leaves the ground.
  - When the ABS has been subjected to strong electrical interference.
  - When tire pressure is abnormal. Adjust tire pressure.
  - When a tire different in size from the standard size is being used. Replace with standard size.
  - When the wheel is deformed. Replace the wheel.

## Other Indicators

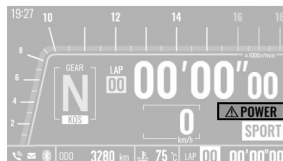
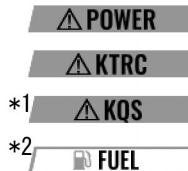
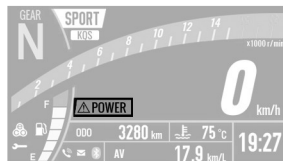
| Indicators                                                                        | Status                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  | When the turn signal switch is pushed to the left, this indicator blinks.                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|  | When the turn signal switch is pushed to the right, this indicator blinks.                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|  | When the headlight is on high beam, this indicator goes on.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| N                                                                                 | When the transmission is in neutral, this indicator goes on.                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| KTRC                                                                              | When the KTRC functions, this indicator blinks.                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|  | When the ignition switch is turned off, this indicator will start blinking*1, which indicates that the immobilizer system is functioning. After 24 hours, the immobilizer warning indicator will stop blinking. However, the immobilizer system is still functioning. |

\*1: The immobilizer warning indicator blinking mode can be set to either on or off. Refer to the Setting Screen section (see page 71).

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### *When Warning Messages Appear*

When warning messages appear, there could be a problem with vehicle function. Have them checked by an authorized Bimota dealer.



TG02633E G

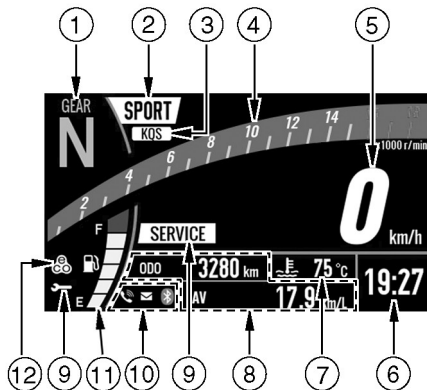
\*1: Only on KQS Equipped Models

\*2: Only on display layout Type 2

## Home Screen

### Display Layout (Type 1)

1. Gear Position Indicator
2. Integrated Riding Mode Indicator
3. KQS Mode Indicator (Equipped Models)
4. Tachometer
5. Speedometer
6. Clock
7. Coolant Temperature Meter
8. Multifunction Display
  - Odometer
  - Trip Meter A/B
  - Current Mileage
  - Average Mileage
  - Cruising Range
  - Average Speed
  - Total Time
  - Battery Voltage
9. Service Indicator
10. Connected Device Notification Area
11. Fuel Gauge
12. Economical Riding Indicator

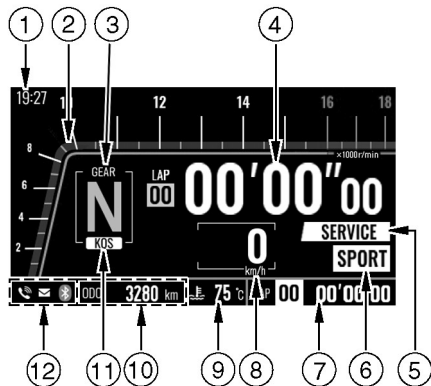


TG02630E G

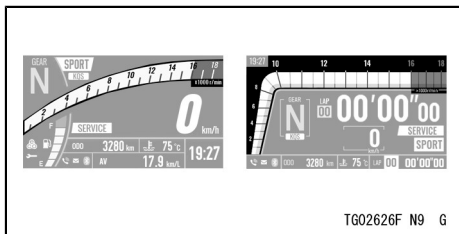
## 52 GENERAL INFORMATION

### Display Layout (Type 2)

1. Clock
2. Tachometer
3. Gear Position Indicator
4. Stopwatch (Measurement Display)
5. Service Indicator
6. Integrated Riding Mode Indicator
7. Stopwatch (Information Display)
8. Speedometer
9. Coolant Temperature Meter
10. Multifunction Display
  - Odometer
  - Trip Meter A/B
11. KQS Mode Indicator (Equipped Models)
12. Connected Device Notification Area



## Tachometer

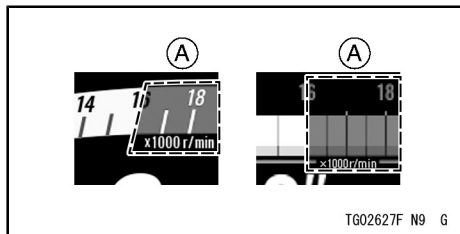


The tachometer shows the engine speed in revolutions per minute (r/min, rpm).

The tachometer also serves as the shift-up indicator.

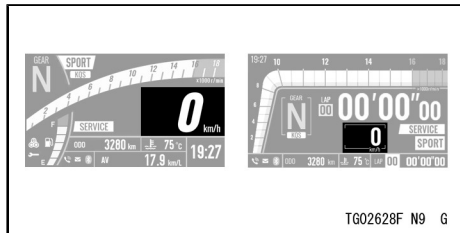
### NOTICE

**Engine speed should not be allowed to enter the red zone; operation in the red zone will overstress the engine and may cause serious engine damage.**



### A. Red Zone

## Speedometer

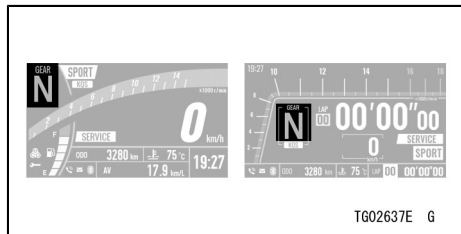


The speedometer is digital and can be set for km/h or mph.

## 54 GENERAL INFORMATION

The unit setting can be changed according to local regulations. Make sure the unit setting (km/h or mph) is correctly displayed before riding. Refer to the Setting Screen section (see page 88).

### ***Gear Position Indicator***



The current gear position is shown. When the transmission is in neutral, “N” appears.

## **NOTE**

- *If the transmission gears are not engaged properly, the gear position indicator disappears.*

The gear position indicator also serves as the shift-up indicator function.

### ***Shift-up Indicator***

The shift-up indicator function indicates the timing for the next up shift. From 500 r/min (rpm) before reaching the set engine speed, the gear position indicator changes color to orange, the tachometer and the gear position indicator starts blinking slowly. When the engine speed reaches the set value, the tachometer also changes color to orange, and the gear position indicator and the tachometer blinks rapidly.

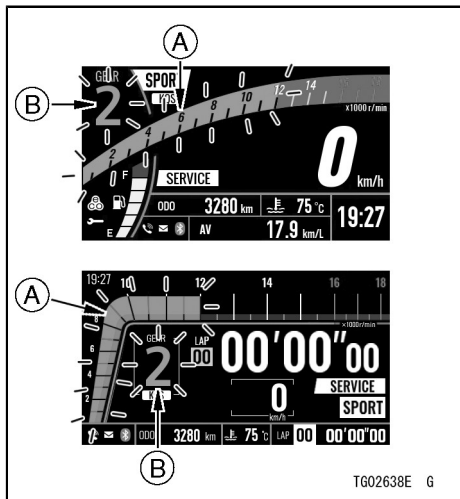
The shift-up indicator function can be selected on or off, and the set value can be adjusted.

### Shift-up Indicator Function Setting

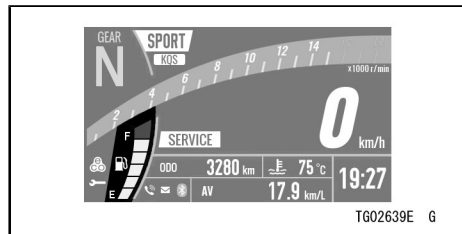
- Refer to Vehicle Settings in the Setting Screen section (see page 71).

### Fuel Gauge

(Only on display layout Type 1)



- A. Tachometer (Change color to orange and blink)**
- B. Gear Position Indicator (Change color to orange and blink)**



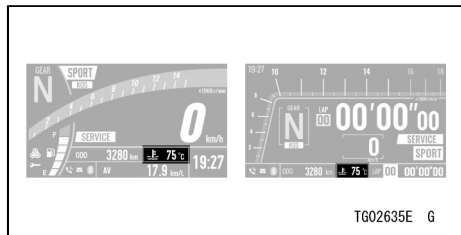
The fuel level in the fuel tank is shown by the number of segments displayed between E (empty) and F (full).

## 56 GENERAL INFORMATION

### NOTE

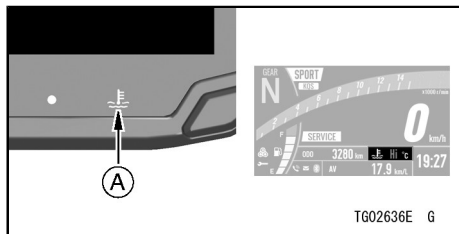
- When the fuel level warning indicator goes on or blinks, refer to *When Warning Indicators Go On or Blink in the Indicators section (see page 46)*.

### Coolant Temperature Meter



This meter shows the coolant temperature. The meter display is as shown below.

| Coolant Temperature | Meter                            |
|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Below 40°C (104°F)  | “- - -” is displayed             |
| Above 115°C (239°F) | Starts blinking                  |
| Above 120°C (248°F) | “Hi” appears and starts blinking |

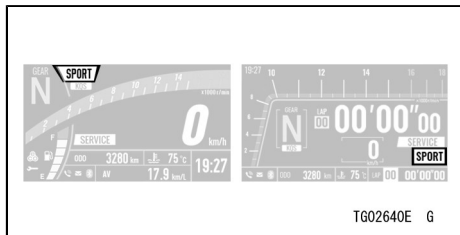


**A. Coolant Temperature Warning Indicator**

**NOTICE**

Stop the engine if the coolant temperature shows “Hi.” Prolonged engine operation will result in severe engine damage from overheating.

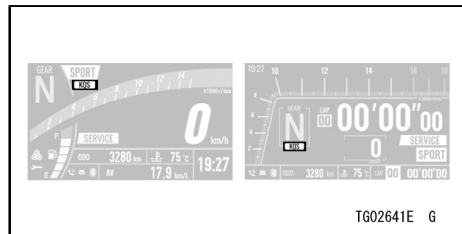
## Integrated Riding Mode Indicator



The current setting of the integrated riding mode is shown. Refer to the Integrated Riding Modes section in the

HOW TO RIDE THE MOTORCYCLE chapter (see page 124).

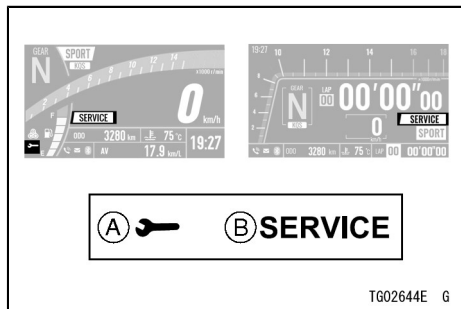
## KQS Mode Indicator (Equipped Models)



The current setting of the KQS is shown. Refer to the KQS (Equipped Models) section in the HOW TO RIDE THE MOTORCYCLE chapter (see page 132).

## 58 GENERAL INFORMATION

### Service Indicator



#### A. Service Indicator

#### B. "SERVICE" Message

This motorcycle has three types of maintenance reminders; the standard Bimota maintenance schedule, user defined interval for oil, and user defined interval for regular maintenance to assist you with maintenance on your Bimota.

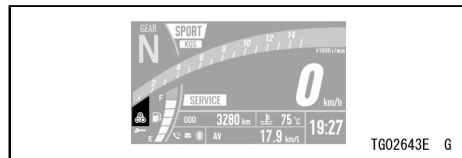
When the date or distance reaches to the set value, the service indicator and message appear on the display screen every time the ignition switch is turned on.

Only "SERVICE" message disappears after 30 seconds.

### Maintenance Reminder Setting

- Refer to Service in the Setting Screen section (see page 79).

### Economical Riding Indicator (Only on display layout Type 1)



When riding the motorcycle efficiently, the economical riding indicator appears on the LCD to indicate

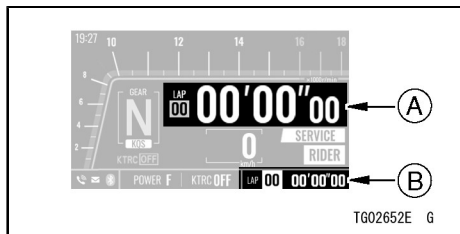
favorable fuel consumption. Monitoring the economical riding indicator can help the rider maximize fuel efficiency.



## WARNING

Failure to observe the road ahead increases the chance of an accident resulting in severe injury or death. Do not continually focus your vision on the economical riding indicator.

## Stopwatch (Only on display layout Type 2)



- A. Measurement Display**  
**B. Information Display**

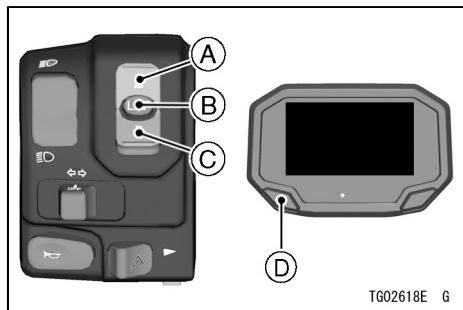
### Measurement Display

This stopwatch can record up to 99 lap times.

- Switch the display layout to the type 2 (see page 74).
- Push the LAP button. The stopwatch starts timing.
- Push the LAP button while timing, the previous lap time is displayed for 10 seconds. The lap time is

## 60 GENERAL INFORMATION

recorded each time the LAP button is pushed.

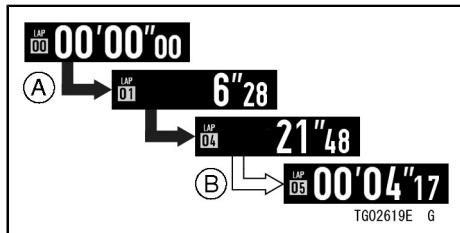


- A. Upper Button
- B. LAP Button
- C. Lower Button
- D. Left Meter Button

### NOTE

- The stopwatch is counting continuously while showing the previous lap time. While the previous lap time is displayed, push the LAP button to switch to the current lap time.

- Up to 99 lap times can be stored and the excess is not recorded.
- Push and hold the LAP button. The stopwatch stops.



➡ : Flow when pushing LAP button

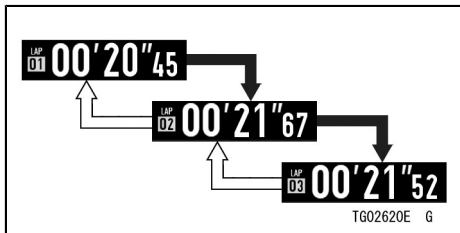
⇨ : Flow when pushing and holding the LAP button

- A. Timing starts
- B. Timing stops

- Push the upper or lower button while stopping the stopwatch. The display is switched each time the upper or lower button is pushed.

**NOTE**

- The lap number "00" means the total time of all laps.

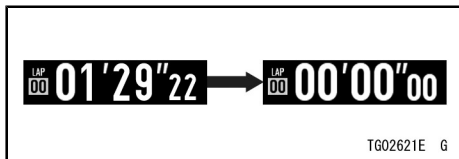


➡ : Flow when pushing upper button

↩ : Flow when pushing lower button

**How to Reset**

- Push and hold the left meter button while stopping the stopwatch.



➡ : Flow when pushing and holding left meter button

**NOTE**

- All records are not deleted even if the ignition switch is turned off.

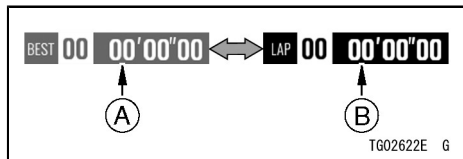
**Information Display**

- The information display can be changed by pressing the right meter button.

**NOTE**

- The display cannot be changed while timing or in case of the lap time record remains.

## 62 GENERAL INFORMATION



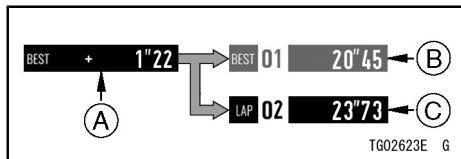
➡ : Flow when pushing right meter button

- A. Best Lap
- B. Last Lap

- Push the LAP button while timing, the information display shows the time difference from the best lap for 10 seconds.

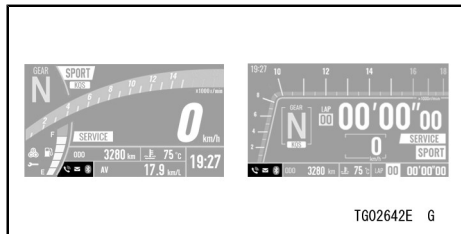
### NOTE

- For the first lap, the information display show the time difference from before timing.
- After 10 seconds, the time difference display switches to the best lap or last lap.



- A. Time Differences
- B. Best Lap
- C. Last Lap

## Connected Device Notification Area



The bluetooth icon appears when your smart device is connected to the vehicle. The telephone icon appears

when a phone call is received by your smart device. The mail icon appears when a email or text message is received.



A. Telephone Icon

B. Mail Icon

## How to Setup Bluetooth Connection

- Refer to Bluetooth in the Setting Screen section (see page 84).

## Bluetooth® Connectivity

This motorcycle can connect to the smart device via built-in Bluetooth wireless technology.

Using the application “bimota App,” several data of your vehicle can be accessed, and several setting items can

be adjusted. Refer to the application for details.



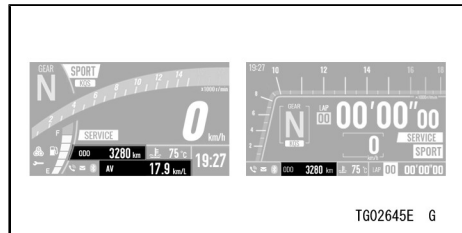
## WARNING

**For safety, do not use a smart device while riding the motorcycle.**

## NOTE

- Some smart devices may not be compatible even if Bluetooth technology is available.*

## Multifunction Display



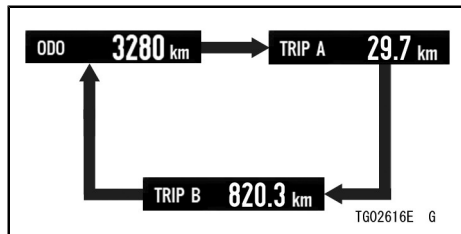
## 64 GENERAL INFORMATION

- Push the upper or left meter button to select the items shown below. The display items are switched in the following order.

### NOTE

- For the display layout type 2, the display items are not switched in the following order when push the upper button.

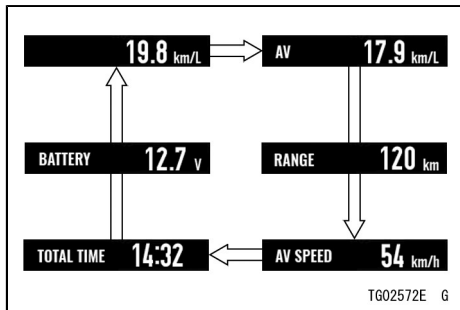
|              |
|--------------|
| Odometer     |
| Trip Meter A |
| Trip Meter B |



➡ : Flow when pushing upper or left meter button

- For the display layout type 1, push the lower or right meter button to select the items shown below. The display items are switched in the following order.

|                 |
|-----------------|
| Current Mileage |
| Average Mileage |
| Cruising Range  |
| Average Speed   |
| Total Time      |
| Battery Voltage |



⇒ : Flow when pushing lower or right meter button

## Odometer

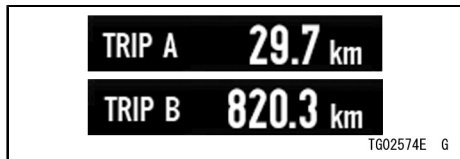


The odometer shows the total distance. This meter cannot be reset.

### NOTE

- When the figures come to 999999, the display is stopped and locked.

## Trip Meter



The trip meter shows the distance traveled since it was reset.

## 66 GENERAL INFORMATION

### NOTE

- *When the trip meter reaches 9999.9 while riding, the meter resets to 0.0 and continues counting.*

### How to Reset

Refer to the Multifunction Display Resetting section (see page 68).

### Current Mileage



This shows the instantaneous rate of fuel consumption.

### NOTE

- *When the ignition switch is turned on, the numerical value shows "—.—." After a few seconds of riding the numerical value is displayed.*

### Average Mileage



This shows the average rate of fuel consumption since it was reset.

### How to Reset

Refer to the Multifunction Display Resetting section (see page 68).

### Cruising Range



This indicates the cruising range from the remaining fuel in the fuel tank.

**NOTE**

- When there is sufficient fuel, “(+)” appears next to the cruising range value.
- The cruising range value is no longer shown if the fuel level gets too low after the fuel level warning indicator goes on.
- To recover the cruising range display, add fuel to at least the level needed for the fuel level warning indicator goes off. The cruising range value may still be displayed with a low fuel level, but it will not be accurate until enough fuel is added to stop the fuel level warning indicator goes on.

**Average Speed**

This shows the average vehicle speed since it was reset.

**How to Reset**

Refer to the Multifunction Display Resetting section ([see page 68](#)).

**Total Time**

This shows the amount of time that has elapsed while the ignition switch is turned on.

## 68 GENERAL INFORMATION

### NOTE

- *When the figures come to 99:59, the display is stopped and locked.*

### How to Reset

Refer to the Multifunction Display Resetting section (see page 68).

### Battery Voltage



This shows the current battery voltage.

### NOTE

- *The battery voltage is displayed in the 9.0 – 16.0 V range. If the display range is exceeded, the indication is fixed at the maximum or minimum value.*

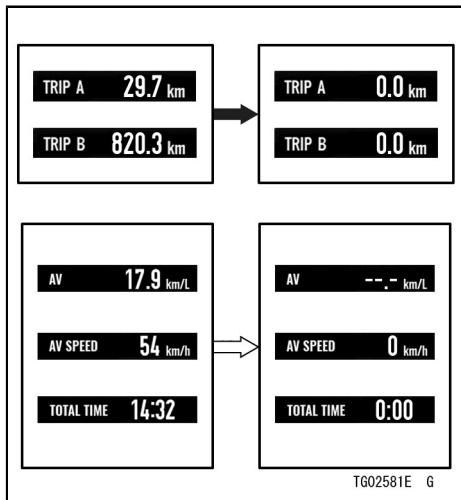
- *The battery voltage shown in this display may differ from the numerical value measured by a volt meter.*

### Multifunction Display Resetting

For the display layout type 1, the following multifunction display items can be reset.

|                 |
|-----------------|
| Trip Meter A/B  |
| Average Mileage |
| Average Speed   |
| Total Time      |

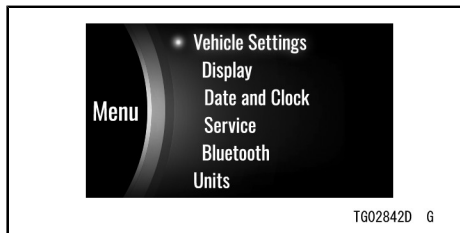
- Push the left or right meter button to display the items can be reset.
- Push the left or right meter button and hold it until resetting is done.



➡ : Flow when pushing and holding the left meter button

➡ : Flow when pushing and holding the right meter button

## Setting Screen



The setting screen can set various functions of the vehicle.

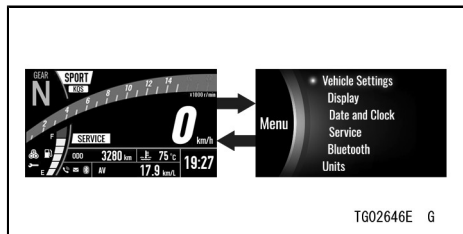
### NOTE

- When the vehicle speed exceeds 5 km/h (3 mph), the setting screen cannot be displayed.

## Basic Operations

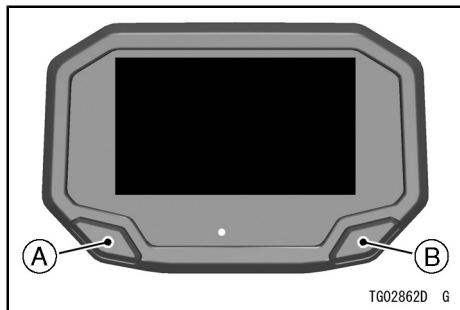
- Push and hold the left and right meter button to enter or exit.

## 70 GENERAL INFORMATION



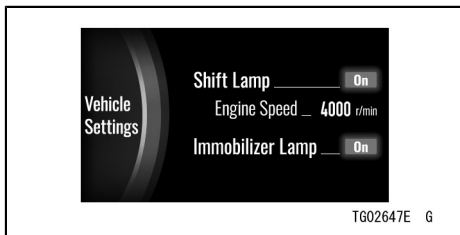
➔ : Flow when pushing and holding left and right meter button

- Push the left meter button to move highlighted item or choose item.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen (set).



- A. Move highlighted item or choose item**  
**B. Shift to next screen (set) or go back to previous screen (cancel)**

## Vehicle Settings

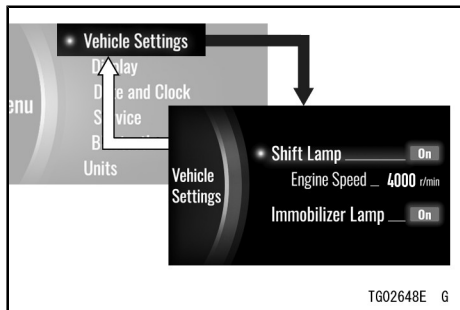


**Shift Lamp:** Turn shift-up indicator system on or off

**Engine Speed:** Adjust engine speed of shift-up indicator

**Immobilizer Lamp:** Turn immobilizer warning indicator blinking mode on or off

- Enter the setting screen.
- Highlight “Vehicle Settings” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.



➡ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

➡ : Flow when pushing and holding the right meter button

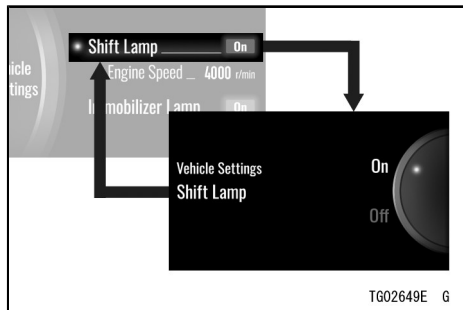
### Shift Lamp

This switches the shift-up indicator function on or off.

- Highlight “Shift Lamp” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.

## 72 GENERAL INFORMATION

- Choose on or off using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button.



➡ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

### NOTE

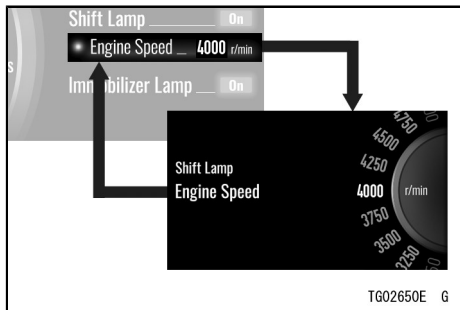
- Refer to the Features section for details of the shift-up indicator function (see page 54).

## Engine Speed

This adjusts the timing at which the shift-up indicator works.

### NOTE

- When “Shift Lamp” setting is off, this item is grayed out.
- Highlight “Engine Speed” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.
- Set the desired engine speed using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button.

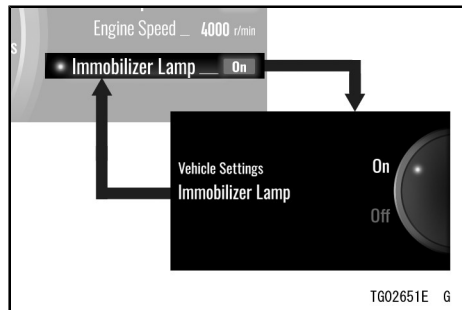


➡ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

## Immobilizer Lamp

This switches the immobilizer warning indicator blinking mode on or off.

- Highlight “Immobilizer Lamp” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.
- Choose on or off using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button.



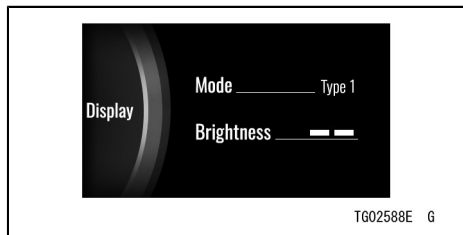
➡ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

## NOTE

- Refer to the Indicators section for details of the immobilizer warning indicator blinking mode (see page 46).

## 74 GENERAL INFORMATION

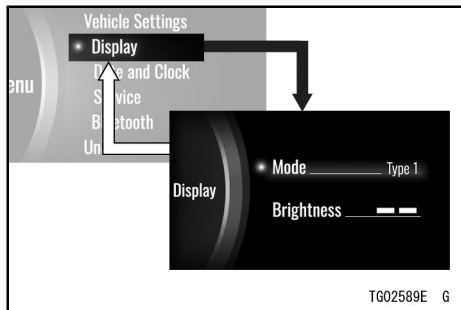
### Display



**Mode:** Switch layout of LCD

**Brightness:** Adjust backlight of LCD

- Enter the setting screen.
- Highlight “Display” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.



➡ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

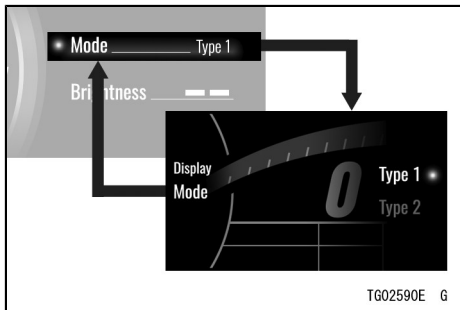
➡ : Flow when pushing and holding the right meter button

### Mode

This switches the display layout.

- Highlight “Mode” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.
- Choose “Type 1” or “Type 2” using the left meter button.

- Push the right meter button.



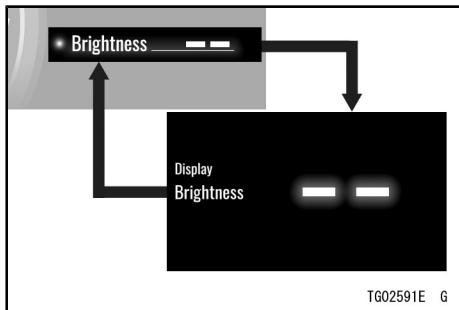
➔ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

## Brightness

This adjusts the backlight brightness of the screen in two levels.

- Highlight "Brightness" using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.

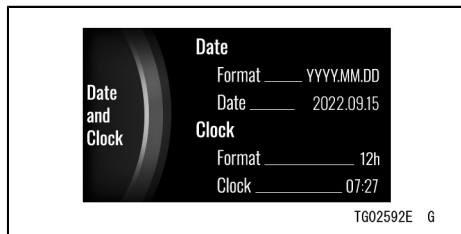
- Adjust the setting using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button.



➔ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

## 76 GENERAL INFORMATION

### *Date and Clock*

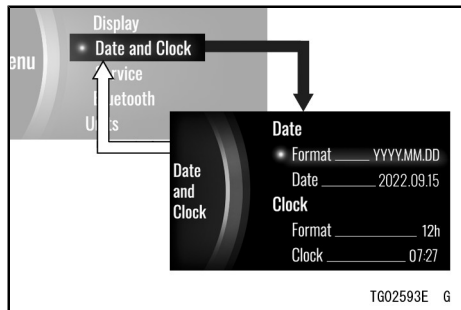


**Date:** Adjust date

**Clock:** Adjust clock

**Format:** Choose date and time notation

- Enter the setting screen.
- Highlight “Date and Clock” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.



➡ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

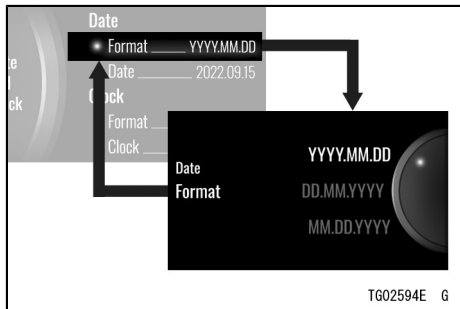
➡◉ : Flow when pushing and holding the right meter button

### **Format (Date)**

This switches the date format.

- Highlight “Format” under “Date” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.
- Choose the date format using the left meter button.

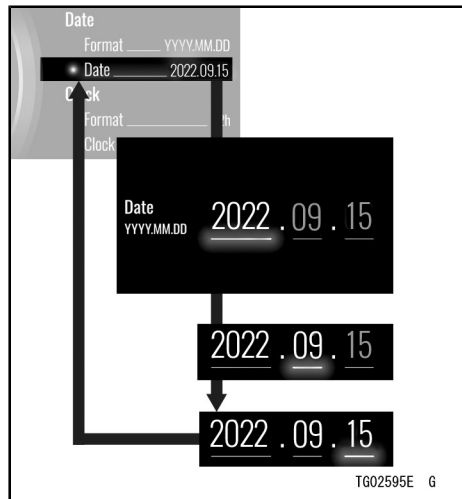
- Push the right meter button.



➔ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

### Date

- Highlight “Date” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.
- Adjust the date using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button.



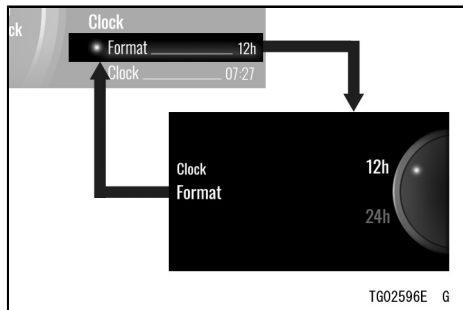
➔ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

### Format (Clock)

This switches the time display.

## 78 GENERAL INFORMATION

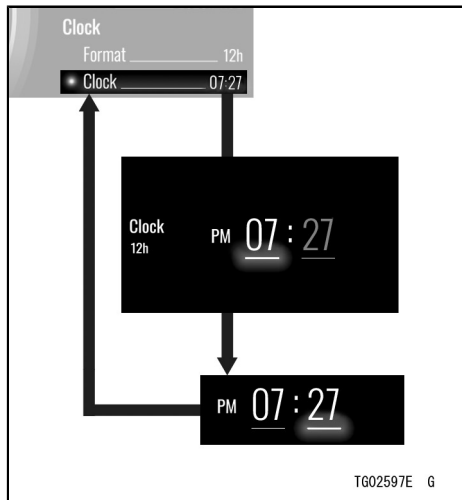
- Highlight “Format” under “Clock” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.
- Choose the 12-hour clock or 24-hour clock using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button.



➡ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

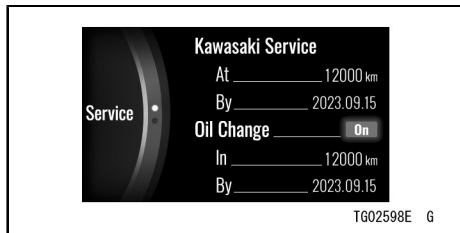
## Clock

- Highlight “Clock” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.
- Adjust the clock using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button.



➡ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

## Service Screen 1 of 2

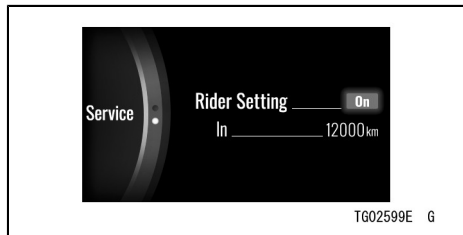


**Kawasaki Service:** Dealer defined interval for periodic maintenance (can be activated or deactivated by authorized Bimota dealer)

**Oil Change:** User defined interval for engine oil change (user can set distance and end date maintenance reminder)

## 80 GENERAL INFORMATION

### Screen 2 of 2

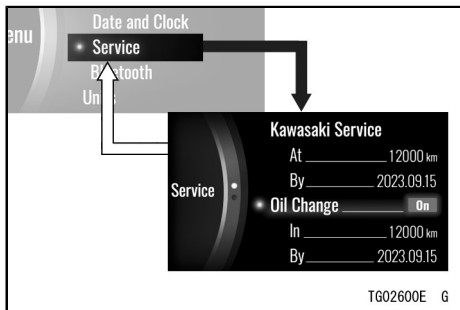


**Rider Setting:** User defined interval for maintenance (user can set distance maintenance reminder)

### NOTE

- *The disabled item is grayed out.*
- *The distance shown on the meter indicates the remaining distance to the maintenance reminder and will decrease as the vehicle is operated.*
- *The service item changes to orange when the scheduled date or distance is reached.*

- Enter the setting screen.
- Highlight “Service” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.



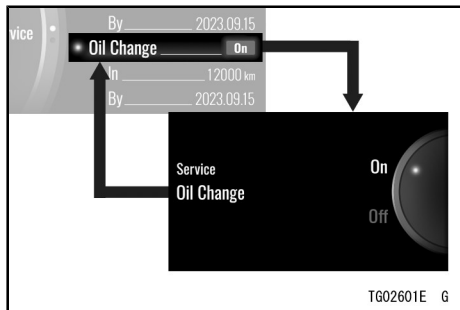
➡ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

⇒ : Flow when pushing and holding the right meter button

## Oil Change

This switches the maintenance schedule notification on or off. The setting distance also can be adjusted.

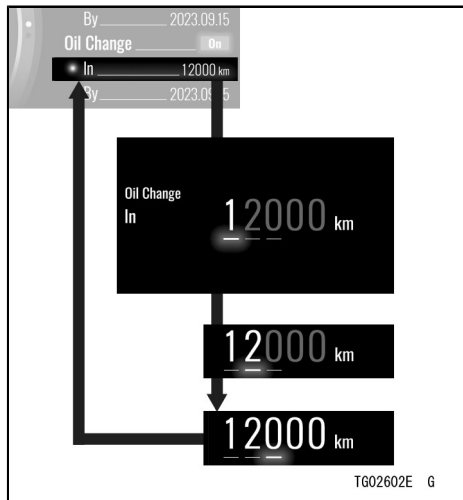
- Highlight “Oil Change” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.
- Choose on or off using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button.



➔ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

- Highlight “In” under “Oil Change” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.
- Set the desired distance using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button.

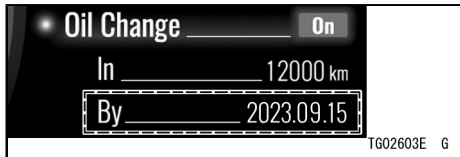
## 82 GENERAL INFORMATION



➡ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

### NOTE

- The setting date cannot be changed manually. It sets to one year later automatically when turning on this function or changing the distance. For example, when the current date is “2022.09.15,” it sets to “2023.09.15.”

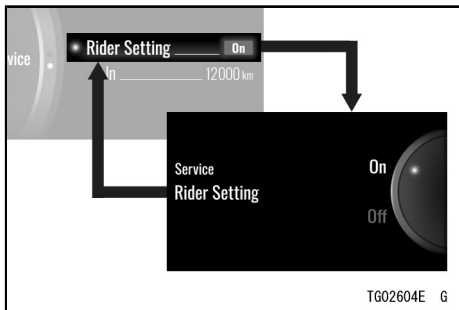


### Rider Setting

This allows the rider to set the distance for certain maintenance item.

- Highlight “Rider Setting” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.

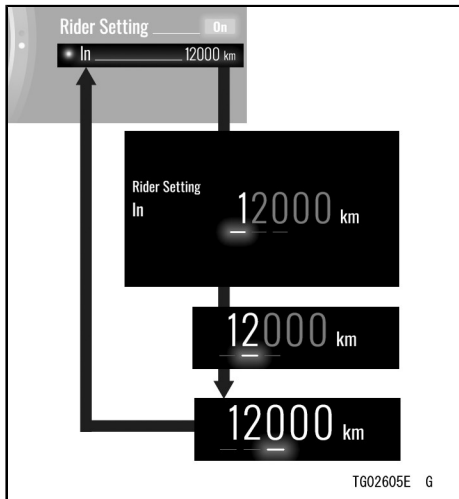
- Choose on or off using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button.



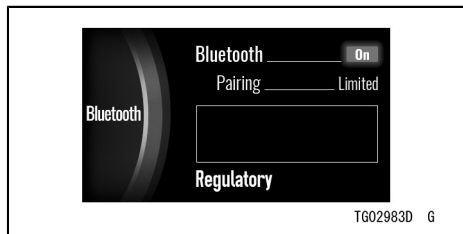
➡ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

- Highlight “In” under “Rider Setting” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.
- Set the desired distance using the left meter button.

- Push the right meter button.



➡ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

**Bluetooth®**

**Bluetooth:** Turn Bluetooth wireless technology on or off

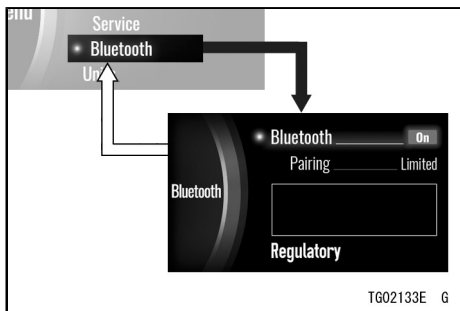
**Pairing:** Switch pairing mode of Bluetooth

**Regulatory:** Display the acquired certification mark

**NOTE**

- To use the Bluetooth function, “bi-mota App” is necessary.
- Enter the setting screen.
- Highlight “Bluetooth” using the left meter button.

- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.



➡ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

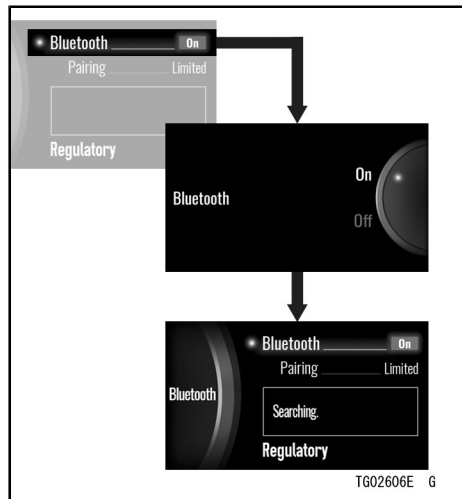
⇨ : Flow when pushing and holding the right meter button

**Bluetooth**

This switches the Bluetooth on or off.

- Highlight “Bluetooth” using the left meter button.

- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.
- Choose on or off using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button. When selecting “On,” the motorcycle starts searching for the smart device.
- Turn on the Bluetooth function of the smart device and launch the app.

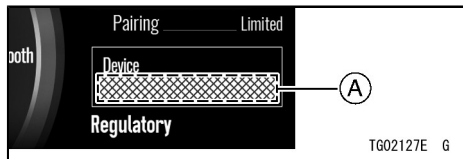


➔ : Flow when pushing right meter button

### NOTE

- If the motorcycle detects the paired device, they connect automatically.

## 86 GENERAL INFORMATION



### A. Connected Device Name

#### NOTE

- *If the motorcycle does not have the paired device, it switches the pairing mode to "Open" automatically.*

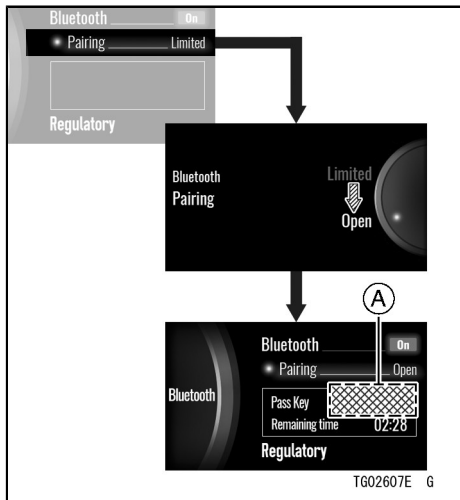
### Pairing

This switches the pairing mode of Bluetooth. "Limited" is used when communication with the paired device.

"Open" can establish the communication with a new device.

- Highlight "Pairing" using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.

- Choose "Limited" or "Open" using the left meter button. When selecting "Open", the motorcycle start searching for an unpaired device.
- Turn on the Bluetooth function of the unpaired device and launch the app.



➡ : Flow when pushing right meter button

➡ : Flow when pushing left meter button

#### A. Pass Key (PIN)

- In the pairing setting menu of the app, select your product and tap the connect button. The motorcycle displays the pass key (PIN) on the display screen.
- Enter the pass key (PIN) into the unpaired device.

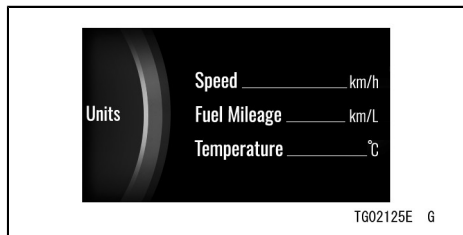
#### NOTE

- If the motorcycle does not detect the device, bring the device closer to the meter instruments.

#### Regulatory

- Highlight “Regulatory” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.

## Units

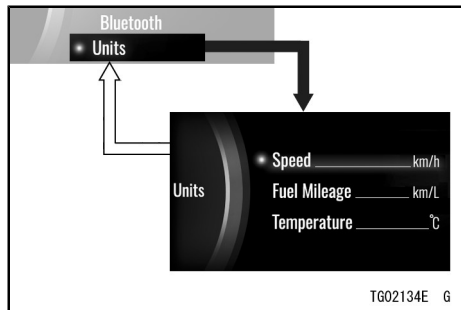


**Speed:** Switch unit of speed between km/h and mph

**Fuel Mileage:** Switch unit of fuel consumption

**Temperature:** Switch unit of temperature between °C and °F

- Enter the setting screen.
- Highlight “Units” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.



➡ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

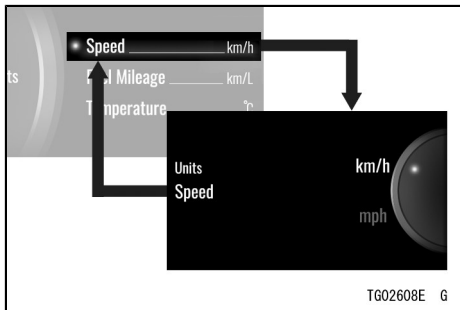
➡ : Flow when pushing and holding the right meter button

## Speed

This switches the unit of speed.

- Highlight “Speed” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.
- Choose “km/h” or “mph” using the left meter button.

- Push the right meter button.



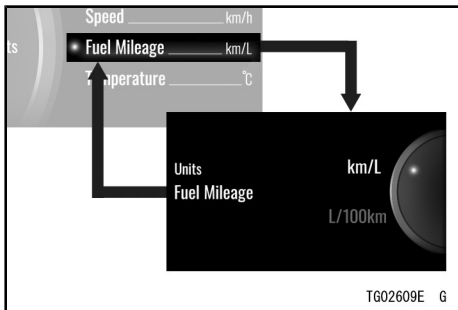
➔ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

### Fuel Mileage

This switches the unit of fuel consumption.

- Highlight “Fuel Mileage” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.

- Choose the unit using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button.



➔ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

### NOTE

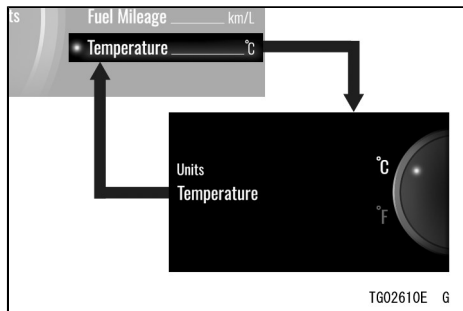
- *The choices will change according to the unit set by “Speed.”*

### Temperature

This switches the unit of temperature.

## 90 GENERAL INFORMATION

- Highlight “Temperature” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button to shift to the next screen.
- Choose “°C” or “°F” using the left meter button.
- Push the right meter button.



➡ : Flow when pushing the right meter button

## Keys

This motorcycle is equipped with an immobilizer system that makes the key system secure electronically. This motorcycle has two keys.

One key should be stored and another one should be used daily. If you want to register an additional key to the immobilizer system, at least one of already registered keys is required.

When the additional key will be registered, all of your keys are needed.

They should be re-registered to the ECU at that time. Bring all of your keys to an authorized Bimota dealer.

Up to 5 keys can register to the ECU.

If an ignition key is lost, it is strongly recommended to have your all keys re-registered at an authorized Bimota dealer to prevent the possibility of theft.

If you lose all of your keys, you must replace the ECU, etc. In any of the above cases, please contact an authorized Bimota dealer.

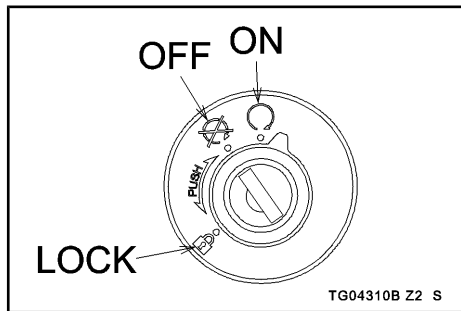
### ***NOTICE***

**The following can damage keys and prevent the engine from being started, therefore, do not:**

- **Put two keys of any immobilizer system on the same key ring.**
- **Submerge a key in water.**
- **Expose a key to excessively high temperature.**
- **Place a key close to magnets.**
- **Place heavy item on a key.**
- **Grind a key or alter its shape.**
- **Disassemble the plastic part of a key.**
- **Drop a key and/or apply shocks to it.**

## Ignition Switch/Steering Lock

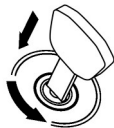
This is a 3-position, key-operated switch. The key can be removed when it is in the “OFF” or “LOCK” position.



- **ON** 
  - Engine can be started.
  - All electrical equipment can be used.
  - Key cannot be removed.
- **OFF** 
  - Engine off.
  - Electrical equipment is off.
  - Key can be removed.
- **LOCK** 
  - Steering locked.
  - Engine off.
  - Electrical equipment is off.
  - Key can be removed.

### For locking:

- Turn the handlebars fully to the left.
- Push the key down in the “OFF” position and turn it to “LOCK.”



TG04312B Z1 S

**WARNING**

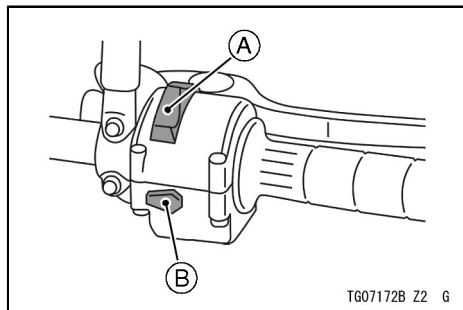
Turning the ignition switch to the “OFF” position while riding the motorcycle shuts down the entire electrical system (headlight, brake light, turn signal light, etc.) and the engine will stop, which could cause an accident resulting in severe injury or death. Never operate the ignition switch while riding the motorcycle; only operate it when the motorcycle is at a standstill.

**NOTE**

- *The headlight, tail, city and license plate lights are on whenever the key is in the “ON” position.*
- *Do not leave the ignition switch at the “ON” position for an extended time with the engine stopped, or the battery may become totally discharged.*
- *Do not leave the hazard lights switched on for a long time without the engine running or the battery will become discharged.*

**Right Handlebar Switches****NOTE**

- *Do not put any magnet close to the right switch housing. It may affect the electronic throttle sensor.*



A. Engine Start/Stop Switch  
B. SELECT Button

## Engine Start/Stop Switch

To start the engine, refer to the Starting the Engine section in the HOW TO RIDE THE MOTORCYCLE chapter for starting instructions.  
(see page 114)

To stop the engine in an emergency, move the engine start/stop switch to the  position.

Ordinarily, the engine start/stop switch must be in the  position for the motorcycle to operate.

## NOTE

- Ordinarily, the ignition switch should be used to stop the engine.
- Although the engine stop switch stops the engine, it does not turn off all the electrical circuits and eventually the battery will be discharged.

## SELECT Button

The SELECT button is used for setting the RIDER mode parameters and KQS mode.

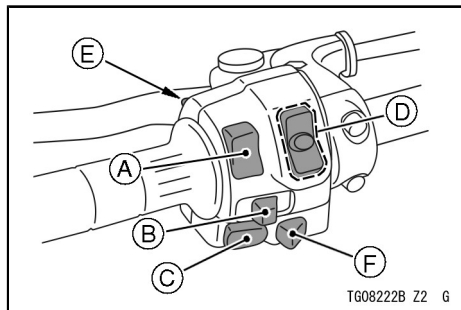
### RIDER mode parameter setting

- Refer to the Integrated Riding Modes section. (see page 124)

## KQS mode setting (Equipped Models)

- Refer to the KQS (Equipped Models) section. (see page 132)

## Left Handlebar Switches



- A. Dimmer Switch
- B. Turn Signal Switch
- C. Horn Button
- D. Multifunction Button/LAP Button
- E. Passing Button
- F. Hazard Switch

## Dimmer Switch

High or low beam can be selected with the dimmer switch.

- ☰ : High beam
- ☷ : Low beam

## NOTE

- Do not allow anything to cover the headlight lens when the headlight is on. If covered, heat can build up in the headlight lens causing lens discoloration or melting, as well as damage to the item covering the lens.

## Passing Button PASS

The high beam turns on only while the passing button is pushed.

---

### Turn Signal Switch ◀ ▶

---

When the turn signal switch is turned to the left or right the corresponding turn signal lights and turn signal indicator blinks. To cancel the turn signal, push the switch in.

---

### Horn Button

---

When the horn button is pushed, the horn sounds.

---

### Hazard Switch

---

Push in the hazard switch with the ignition switch in the “ON” position. All turn signal lights and turn signal indicators will blink.

#### NOTE

- *Be careful not to use the hazard lights for an extended period of time,*

*otherwise the battery may become totally discharged.*

---

### Multifunction Button

---

The multifunction button is used for setting the meter, integrated riding mode and KQS mode.

#### Meter setting

- Refer to the Multifunction Display section. (see page 63)

#### Riding mode

- Refer to the Integrated Riding Modes section. (see page 124)

#### KQS mode setting (Equipped Models)

- Refer to the KQS (Equipped Models) section. (see page 132)

## LAP Button

The LAP button is used for stopwatch start and stop.

### Stopwatch start

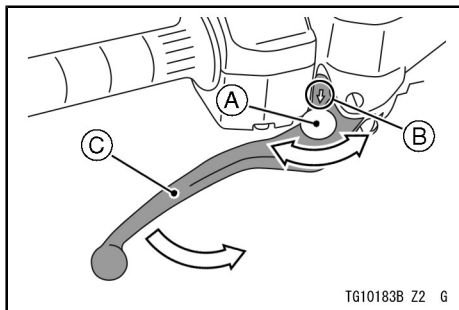
- Refer to the Stopwatch section. ([see page 59](#))

## Brake Lever Adjuster

While pushing the brake lever forward, rotate the adjuster and choose a suitable lever position.

### Brake Lever Adjustment

|                    |    |   |      |   |
|--------------------|----|---|------|---|
| Adjuster Position: |    |   |      |   |
| 1                  | 2  | 3 | 4    | 5 |
| Lever Position:    |    |   |      |   |
| Far                | ←→ |   | Near |   |



- A. Adjuster  
B. Mark  
C. Brake Lever

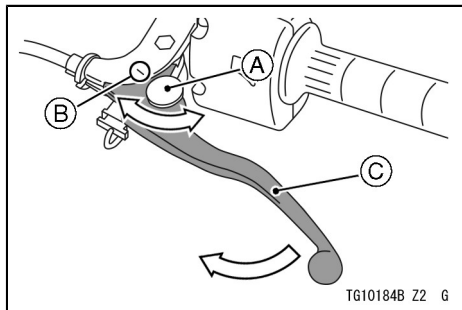
## Clutch Lever Adjuster

While pushing the clutch lever forward, rotate the adjuster and choose a suitable lever position.

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### Clutch Lever Adjustment

|                    |   |   |   |      |
|--------------------|---|---|---|------|
| Adjuster Position: |   |   |   |      |
| 1                  | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5    |
| Lever Position:    |   |   |   |      |
| Far                | ↔ |   |   | Near |

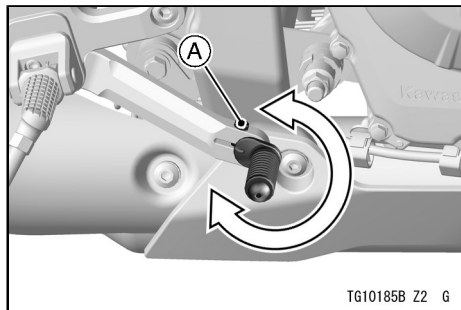


- A. Adjuster**  
**B. Mark**  
**C. Clutch Lever**

### Brake Pedal Adjuster

The brake pedal position is infinitely adjustable.

- Loosen the bolt, and rotate the pedal to the desired position.



- A. Bolt**

- Tighten the bolt.

### Tightening Torque

3.4 – 4.9 N·m (0.35 – 0.50 kgf·m, 30 – 43 in·lb)

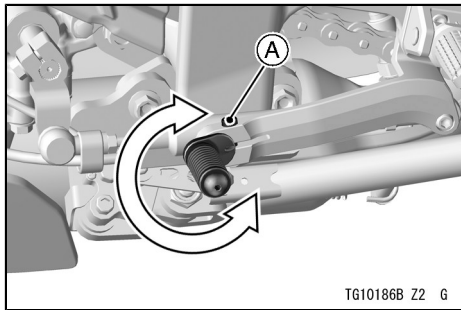
**NOTE**

- *If a torque wrench is not available, this item should be serviced by an authorized Bimota dealer.*

**Shift Lever Adjuster**

The shift lever position is infinitely adjustable.

- Loosen the bolt, and rotate the lever to the desired position.



TG10186B Z2 G

**A. Bolt**

- Tighten the bolt.

**Tightening Torque**

|                                                  |
|--------------------------------------------------|
| 3.4 – 4.9 N·m (0.35 – 0.50 kgf·m, 30 – 43 in·lb) |
|--------------------------------------------------|

**NOTE**

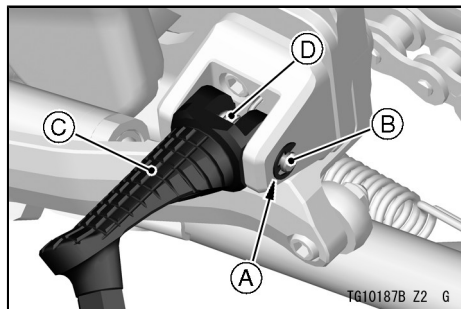
- *If a torque wrench is not available, this item should be serviced by an authorized Bimota dealer.*

**Front Footpeg Mounting Position**

The height of the front footpeg can be adjusted. The adjustment of the front footpeg should be done by an authorized Bimota dealer.

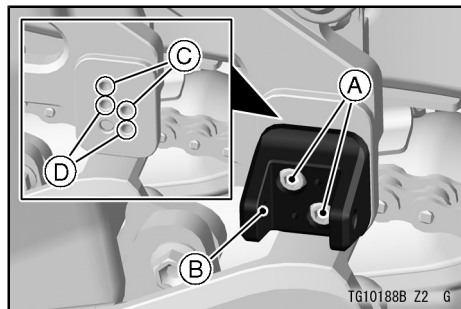
- Remove the circlip.
- Remove the pin, footpeg and spring.

## 100 GENERAL INFORMATION



- A. Circlip
- B. Pin
- C. Footpeg
- D. Spring

- Remove the bolts and footpeg bracket.
- Change the mounting position of the footpeg bracket.



- A. Bolts
- B. Footpeg Bracket
- C. Upper Position
- D. Lower Position

- Tighten the bolts.

### Tightening Torque

5.9 – 7.8 N·m (0.60 – 0.80 kgf·m, 52 – 69 in·lb)

## NOTE

- *If a torque wrench is not available, this item should be serviced by an authorized Bimota dealer.*
- Replace the circlip with a new one.
- Apply grease to the sliding parts of the footpeg and the pin.
- Install the removed parts.

## Fuel



### WARNING

**Gasoline is extremely flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions, creating the potential for serious burns. Turn the ignition switch off.**

**Do not smoke.**

**Make sure the area is well ventilated and free from any source of flame or sparks; this includes any appliance with a pilot light.**

## Fuel Requirements

Your Bimota engine is designed to use only unleaded gasoline with a minimum octane rating shown below. Never use gasoline with an octane rating lower than the minimum specified

## 102 GENERAL INFORMATION

by Bimota to prevent severe engine damage.

The octane rating of a gasoline is a measure of its resistance to detonation or “knocking.” The term commonly used to describe a gasoline’s octane rating is the Research Octane Number (RON).

### ***NOTICE***

**Do not use leaded gasoline, as this will destroy the catalytic converter.**

### ***NOTICE***

**If engine “knocking” or “pinging” occurs, use a different brand of gasoline of a higher octane rating. If this condition is allowed to continue, it can lead to severe engine damage. Gasoline quality is important. Fuels of low quality or not meeting standard industry specifications may result in unsatisfactory performance. Operating problems that result from the use of poor quality or no recommended fuel may not be covered under your warranty.**

### ***Fuel Type and Octane Rating***

Use clean, fresh unleaded gasoline with an ethanol volume content not more than 10% and an octane rating equal to or higher than that shown in the table.

Fuel Type:

Unleaded Gasoline

Ethanol Content:

E10 or less

Minimum Octane Rating:

Research Octane Number (RON) 91

### ***NOTICE***

**Do not use any fuel that contains more ethanol or other oxygenates than specified for E10 fuel\* in this vehicle. Damage to the engine and fuel system, or engine starting and/or performance problems may result from the use of improper fuel.**

\*E10 means fuel containing up to 10% ethanol as specified by European directive.

---

### **Filling the Tank**

Avoid filling the tank in the rain or where heavy dust is blowing so that the fuel does not get contaminated.



## **WARNING**

**Gasoline is extremely flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions, creating the potential for serious burns. Turn the ignition switch off. Do not smoke.**

**Make sure the area is well ventilated and free from any source of flame or sparks; this includes any appliance with a pilot light. Never fill the tank completely to the top.**

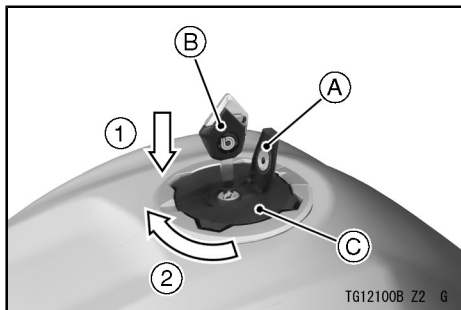
**If the tank is filled completely to the top, heat may cause the fuel to expand and overflow through the vents in the tank cap.**

**After refueling, make sure the tank cap is closed securely. If gasoline is spilled on the fuel tank, wipe it off immediately.**

**NOTICE**

Never fill the tank so the fuel level rises into the filler neck. If the tank is overfilled, heat may cause the fuel to expand and flow into the Evaporative Emission Control System resulting in hard starting, engine hesitation and non-compliance with the emission regulation.

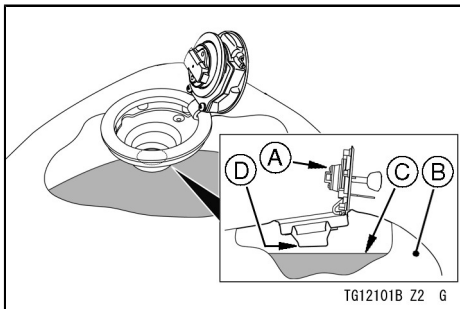
- Lift the key hole cover.
- Insert the key into the fuel tank cap.
- Turn the key clockwise while pushing down the fuel tank cap.



- A. Key Hole Cover  
B. Ignition Key  
C. Fuel Tank Cap

- Open the fuel tank cap.
- Add fuel.

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- A. Tank Cap
- B. Fuel Tank
- C. Top Level
- D. Bottom of Filler Neck (Maximum Fuel Level)

### NOTE

- *Do not exceed the maximum fuel level as shown.*
- Push the fuel tank cap down into place with the key inserted.

- The key can be removed by turning counterclockwise to the original position.
- Close the key hole cover.

### NOTICE

**Never fill the tank completely to the top.**

**If the tank is filled completely to the top, heat may cause the fuel to expand and overflow through the vents in the tank cap.**

**After refueling, make sure the tank cap is closed securely.**

**If gasoline is spilled on the fuel tank, wipe it off immediately.**

### NOTE

- *The fuel tank cap cannot be closed without the key inserted, and the key cannot be removed unless the cap is locked properly.*

- *Do not push on the key to close the cap, or the cap cannot be locked.*

## Side Stand

Always kick the stand fully up before moving the motorcycle.

The engine will stop automatically if the motorcycle is in gear and the clutch is released with the side stand down.

### NOTE

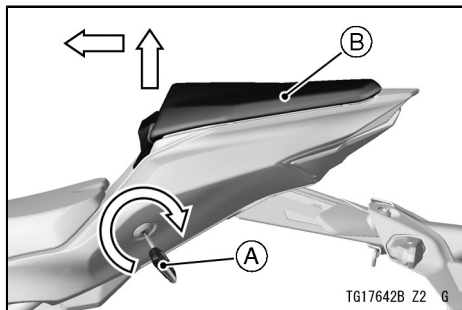
- *When using the side stand, turn the handlebars to the left.*
- *Make sure the side stand is down securely before leaving the motorcycle.*
- *Do not sit on the motorcycle while it is on its side stand.*

## Seats

The seats can be removed by in order of the passenger's seat then the rider's seat.

### Passenger's Seat Removal

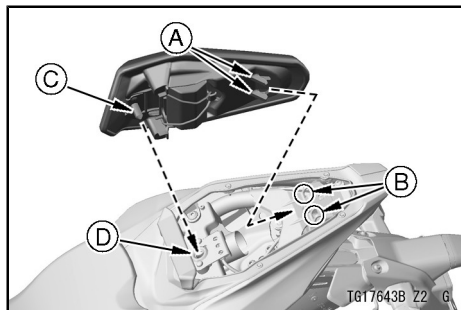
- Insert the ignition key into the seat lock.
- Lift the front part of the passenger's seat upward while turning the key clockwise.
- Remove the passenger's seat forward.
- Remove the ignition key.



- A. Ignition Key
- B. Passenger's Seat

## Passenger's Seat Installation

- Insert the hooks at the rear of the passenger's seat into the slots of the frame.
- Insert the projection at the front of the passenger's seat into the latch hole on the frame.
- Push down the front part of the passenger's seat until the lock clicks.



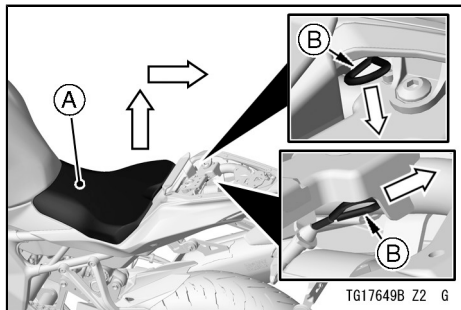
- A. Hooks
- B. Slots
- C. Projection
- D. Latch Hole

- Pull up the front and rear ends of the passenger's seat to make sure they are securely locked.

## Rider's Seat Removal

- Remove the passenger's seat. (see page 107)

- Lift the rear part of the rider's seat upward while pulling the seat lock cable backward.
- Remove the rider's seat backward.



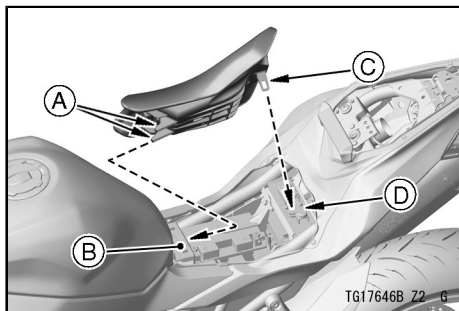
**A. Rider's Seat**

**B. Seat Lock Cable (Either Position)**

### **Rider's Seat Installation**

- Insert the hooks at the front of the rider's seat under the fuel tank bracket.

- Insert the latch plate at the rear of the rider's seat into the latch hole of the frame.
- Push down the rear part of the rider's seat until the lock clicks.



**A. Hooks**

**B. Fuel Tank Bracket**

**C. Latch Plate**

**D. Latch Hole**

- Pull up the front and rear ends of the rider's seat to make sure they are securely locked.

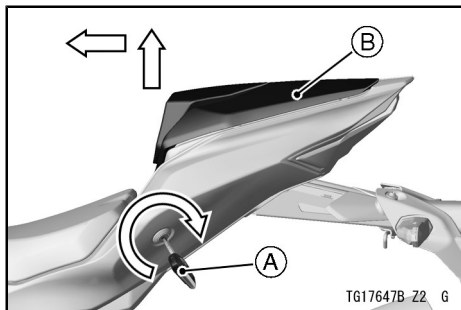
## 110 GENERAL INFORMATION

- Install the passenger's seat. (see page 108)

### Pillion Seat Cover (Equipped Models)

#### Pillion Seat Cover Removal

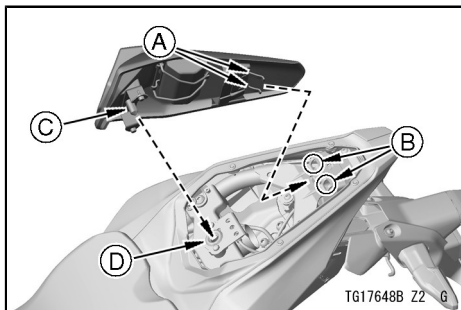
- Insert the ignition key into the seat lock.
- Lift the front part of the pillion seat cover upward while turning the key clockwise.
- Remove the pillion seat cover forward.
- Remove the ignition key.



- A. Ignition Key**  
**B. Pillion Seat Cover**

#### Pillion Seat Cover Installation

- Insert the hooks at the rear of the pillion seat cover into the slots of the frame.
- Insert the projection at the front of the pillion seat cover into the latch hole on the frame.
- Push down the front part of the pillion seat cover until the lock clicks.



- A. Hooks
- B. Slots
- C. Projection
- D. Latch Hole

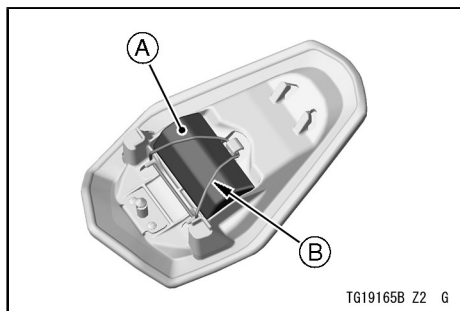
- Pull up the front and rear ends of the pillion seat cover to make sure they are securely locked.

## Tool Kit

The tool kit is installed at the back side of the passenger's seat.

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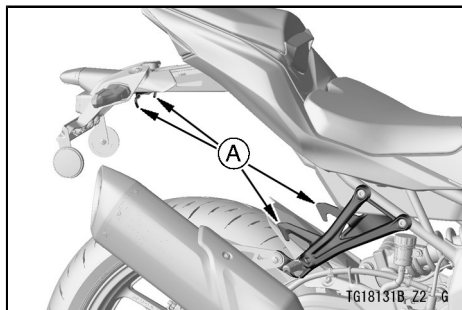
Keep the tool kit in the original place. Hold the tool kit with the band.



- A. Tool Kit
- B. Band

## Tie Hooks

When tying up light loads to the seat, use the tie hooks located in front of the rear turn signal lights and rear of the rear footpegs.



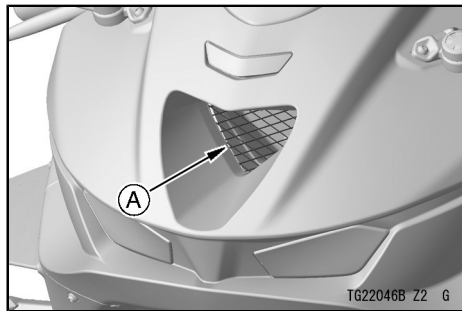
A. Tie Hooks

**WARNING**

The muffler quickly becomes very hot soon after the engine is started and can cause serious burns. To avoid burns, be careful not to touch the muffler when using the tie hook.

## Air Cleaner Intake

The air cleaner intake allows air to enter the fuel system. Never allow anything to restrict the flow of air into the air cleaner. A restricted air cleaner will reduce performance and increase exhaust emissions.



A. Air Cleaner Intake

# HOW TO RIDE THE MOTORCYCLE

## Break-In

The first 1 000 km (600 miles) of use is the break-in period.

Follow the recommendations below to maintain the vehicle's performance and longevity.

| Travelled distance                  | Maximum engine revolutions |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 0 – 200 km<br>(0 – 150 miles)       | 4 000 r/min (rpm)          |
| 200 – 350 km<br>(150 – 250 miles)   | 6 000 r/min (rpm)          |
| 350 – 1 000 km<br>(250 – 600 miles) | Ride moderately            |

### NOTE

- *You can ride above the maximum engine revolution stated in the break-in table briefly if necessary.*

*Brief periods above the listed engine revolutions will not affect break-in results.*

- *When travelling on public roads, obey the speed limits.*
- *Do not race the engine while the transmission is in neutral.*



### WARNING

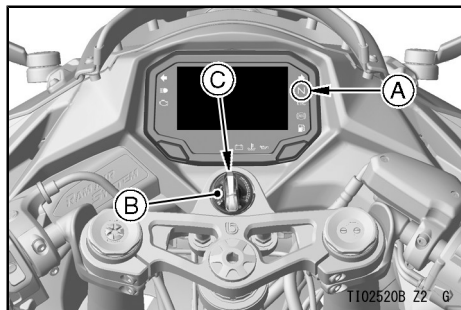
**New tires are slippery and may cause loss of control and injury. A break-in period of 160 km (100 miles) is necessary to establish normal tire traction. During break-in, avoid sudden and maximum braking and acceleration, and hard cornering.**

## 114 HOW TO RIDE THE MOTORCYCLE

In addition to the above, at 1 000 km (600 miles) it is extremely important that the owner has the initial maintenance service performed by an authorized Bimota dealer.

### Starting the Engine

- Turn the ignition switch on.
- Make sure the transmission is in neutral.

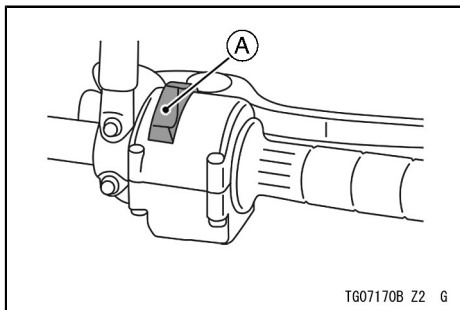


**A. Neutral Indicator (Green)**

**B. Ignition Switch**

**C. ON Position**

- Without holding the throttle grip, slide the engine start/stop switch to the  position to start the engine after meter initial operation is finished.



**A. Engine Start/Stop Switch**

### NOTE

- While the engine is cold, the fast idle system automatically raises the engine idling speed. At this time, the engine warning indicator  may appear if you operate the throttle grip unnecessarily.
- The motorcycle is equipped with a vehicle-down sensor which causes the engine to stop automatically if

*the motorcycle falls down. After righting the motorcycle, first turn the ignition switch off and then turn it on before starting the engine.*

### NOTICE

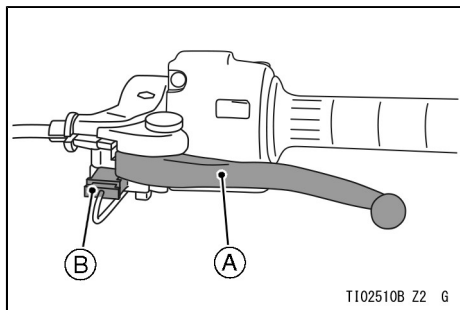
**Do not operate the starter continuously for more than 5 seconds, or the starter will overheat and the battery power will drop temporarily. Wait 15 seconds between each operation of the starter to let it cool and the battery power recover.**

### NOTE

- The motorcycle is equipped with a starter lockout switch. This switch is designed so that the engine does not start if the transmission is in gear and the side stand is down. However, the engine can be started if the

## 116 HOW TO RIDE THE MOTORCYCLE

*clutch lever is pulled and the side stand is fully up.*



A. Clutch Lever

B. Starter Lockout Switch

### **NOTICE**

**Do not let the engine idle longer than 5 minutes, or engine overheating and damage may occur.**

## **Moving Off**

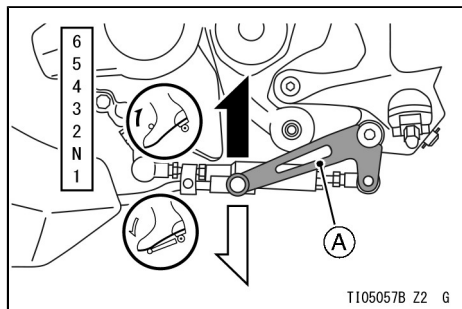
- Check that the side stand is up.
- Pull in the clutch lever.
- Shift into 1st gear.
- Open the throttle a little, and start to let out the clutch lever very slowly.
- As the clutch starts to engage, open the throttle a little more, giving the engine just enough fuel to keep it from stalling.

### **NOTE**

- Warm up the engine thoroughly before the riding or revving the engine.
- The motorcycle is equipped with a side stand switch. This switch is designed so that the engine does not start if the transmission is in gear and the side stand is down.

## Shifting Gears

- Close the throttle while pulling in the clutch lever.
- Shift into the next higher or lower gear.



### A. Shift Pedal

- Open the throttle part way, while releasing the clutch lever.

## WARNING

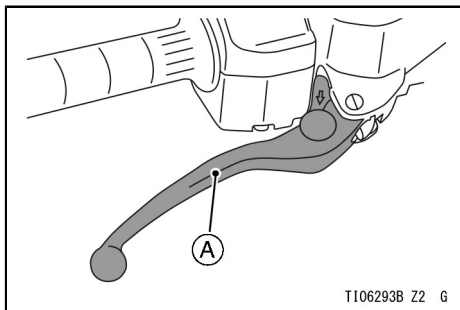
**Downshifting to a lower gear at high speed causes engine rpm to increase excessively, potentially damaging the engine and it may also cause the rear wheel to skid and cause an accident. Downshifting should be done below 5 000 rpm for each gear.**

## NOTE

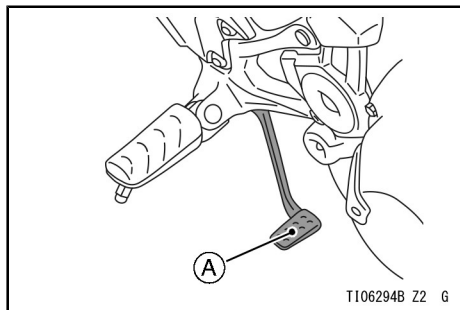
- *The transmission is equipped with a positive neutral finder. When the motorcycle is standing still, the transmission cannot be shifted past neutral from 1st gear. To use the positive neutral finder, shift down to 1st gear, then lift up on the shift pedal while standing still. The transmission will shift only into neutral.*

## Braking

- Close the throttle completely, leaving the clutch engaged (except when shifting gears) so that the engine will help slow down the motorcycle.
- Shift down one gear at a time so that you are in 1st gear when you come to a complete stop.
- When stopping, always apply both brakes at the same time. Normally the front brake should be applied a little more than the rear. Shift down or fully disengage the clutch as necessary to keep the engine from stalling.
- Never lock the brakes, or it will cause the tires to skid. When turning a corner, it is better not to brake at all. Reduce your speed before you get into the corner.
- For emergency braking, disregard downshifting, and concentrate on applying the brakes as hard as possible without skidding.
- Even in motorcycles equipped with ABS, braking during cornering may cause wheel slip. When turning a corner, it is better to limit braking to the light application of both brakes or not to brake at all. Reduce your speed before you get into the corner.



**A. Front Brake Lever**



**A. Rear Brake Pedal**

## ABS

ABS (Anti-lock Brake System) is designed to help prevent the wheels from locking up when the brakes are applied hard while running straight.

Brake control function is identical to that of a conventional motorcycle. The brake lever is used for the front brake and the brake pedal for the rear brake.

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Although the ABS provides stability while stopping by preventing wheel lock-up, remember the following characteristics:

- To apply the brake effectively, use the front brake lever and rear brake pedal simultaneously in the same manner as conventional motorcycle brake system.
- ABS cannot compensate for adverse road conditions, misjudgment or improper application of brakes. You must take the same care as with motorcycles not equipped with ABS.
- ABS is not designed to shorten the braking distance. On loose, uneven or downhill surfaces, the stopping distance of a motorcycle with ABS may be longer than that of an equivalent motorcycle without ABS. Use special caution in such areas.
- ABS will help prevent wheel lock-up when braking in a straight line, but it cannot control wheel slip which may be caused by braking during cornering. When turning a corner, it is better to limit braking to the light application of both brakes or not to brake at all. Reduce your speed before you get into the corner.
- Same as conventional brake system, an excessive sudden braking may cause wheel lock up that makes it harder to control a motorcycle.
- During braking, ABS will not prevent the rear wheel lifting.

**WARNING**

**ABS cannot protect the rider from all possible hazards and is not a substitute for safe riding practices. Be aware of how the ABS system operates and its limitations. It is the rider's responsibility to ride at appropriate speeds and manner for weather, road surface and traffic conditions.**

- The computers integrated in the ABS compare vehicle speed with wheel speed. Since non-recommended tires can affect wheel speed, they may confuse the computers, which can extend braking distance.

**WARNING**

**Use of non-recommended tires may cause malfunctioning of ABS and can lead to extended braking distance. The rider could have an accident as a result. Bimota recommends use of the recommended standard tires for this motorcycle.**

**NOTE**

- *When the ABS is functioning, you may feel a pulsing in the brake lever or pedal. This is normal. You need not suspend applying brakes.*
- *ABS does not function if the battery is discharged. When riding with an insufficiently charged battery, ABS may not function. Keep the battery in good condition according to the "Battery Maintenance" section in the*

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### MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT chapter.

(see page 179)

- *ABS does not function at below speed.*

Approximately 10 km/h (6.2 mph) or below

## Stopping the Engine

- Close the throttle completely.
- Shift the transmission into neutral.
- Turn the ignition switch off.
- Support the motorcycle on a firm, level surface with the side stand.
- Lock the steering.

## Stopping the Motorcycle in an Emergency

Your Bimota Motorcycle has been designed and manufactured to provide you optimum safety and convenience.

However, in order to fully benefit from Bimota's safety engineering and craftsmanship, it is essential that you, the owner and operator, properly maintain your motorcycle and become thoroughly familiar with its operation. Improper maintenance can create a dangerous situation known as throttle failure. Two of the most common causes of throttle failure are:

- An improperly serviced or clogged air cleaner may allow dirt and dust to enter the throttle body and stick the throttle open.
- During removal of the air cleaner, dirt is allowed to enter and jam the fuel injection system.

In an emergency situation such as throttle failure, your vehicle may be stopped by applying the brakes and disengaging the clutch. Once this stopping procedure is initiated, the engine stop switch may be used to stop the

engine. If the engine stop switch is used, turn off the ignition switch after stopping the motorcycle.

## Parking



### **WARNING**

Operating or parking the vehicle near flammable materials can cause a fire, and can result in property damage or severe personal injury.

**Do not idle or park your vehicle in an area where tall or dry vegetation, or other flammable materials could come into contact with the muffler or exhaust pipe.**



### **WARNING**

**The engine and exhaust system get extremely hot during normal operation and can cause serious burns.**

**Never touch a hot engine, exhaust pipe, or muffler during operation or after stopping the engine.**

- Shift the transmission into neutral and turn the ignition switch off.
- Support the motorcycle on a firm, level surface with the side stand.

### ***NOTICE***

**Do not park on a soft or steeply inclined surface, or the motorcycle may fall over.**

- If parking inside a garage or other structure, be sure it is well ventilated

## 124 HOW TO RIDE THE MOTORCYCLE

and the motorcycle is not close to any source of flame or sparks; this includes any appliance with a pilot light.

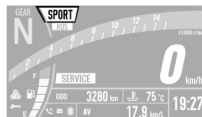


### WARNING

**Gasoline is extremely flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions, creating the potential for serious burns. Turn the ignition switch off. Do not smoke. Make sure the area is well ventilated and free from any source of flame or sparks; this includes any appliance with a pilot light.**

- Lock the steering to help prevent theft.

## Integrated Riding Modes



TG02653E G

This motorcycle can change its performance characteristics with the press of a button only. This system has 3 different preset modes and they integrally control the engine.

### SPORT:

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| Power mode | F |
| KTRC       | 1 |

**ROAD:**

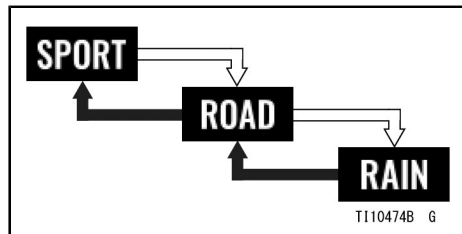
|            |   |
|------------|---|
| Power mode | F |
| KTRC       | 2 |

**RAIN:**

|            |   |
|------------|---|
| Power mode | L |
| KTRC       | 3 |

**How to Switch Integrated Riding Modes**

- Push and hold the upper or lower button to switch the mode.



- : Flow when pushing and holding upper button  
**→**: Flow when pushing and holding lower button

- The modes cannot be switched on following situations:
  - When the throttle grip is open.

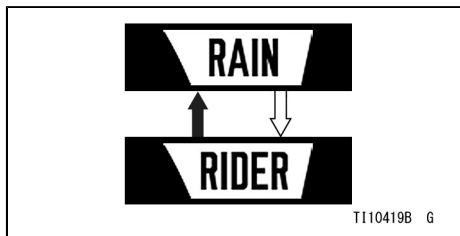
## RIDER Mode

In addition to 3 different riding modes, the RIDER mode that can be set to your preference. 2 system parameters are adjustable manually:

Power modes and KTRC.

### How to Switch to RIDER Mode

- Push and hold the lower button when the riding mode is RAIN.



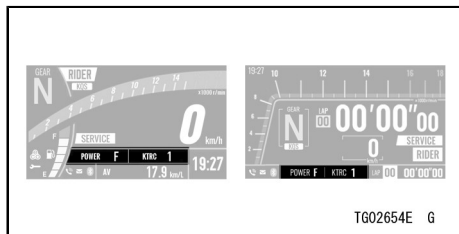
➡: Flow when pushing and holding upper button

➡: Flow when pushing and holding lower button

- The modes cannot be switched on following situations:
  - When the throttle grip is open.

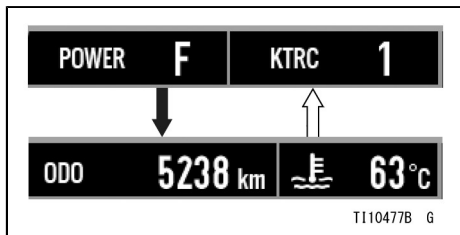
## NOTE

- When switching to the RIDER mode, KTRC and power mode parameters appear as shown. In the display layout type 1, these parameters display over a part of the multifunction display and the coolant temperature meter.



- Push and hold the SELECT button to disappear the parameters.

- To display the parameters again, push the SELECT button.



➡: Flow when pushing and holding SELECT button

➡: Flow when pushing SELECT button

### RIDER Mode Parameters

By combining the power mode and KTRC, some combination settings are available to suit your preference.

The combination of each mode should be decided according to riding skill and road conditions. Set the combination by referring to the following table.

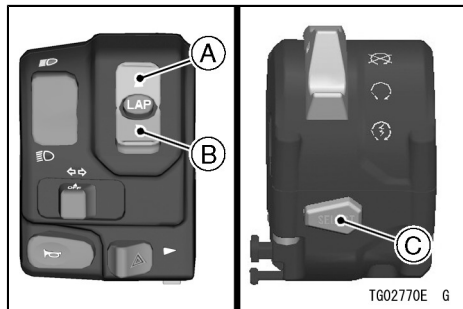
### Examples of mode combinations

|            |       |      |                     |
|------------|-------|------|---------------------|
|            | Sport | City | Wet / Slippery Road |
| Power Mode | F     | L    |                     |
| KTRC Mode  | OFF   | 1    | 2                   |
|            |       |      | 3                   |

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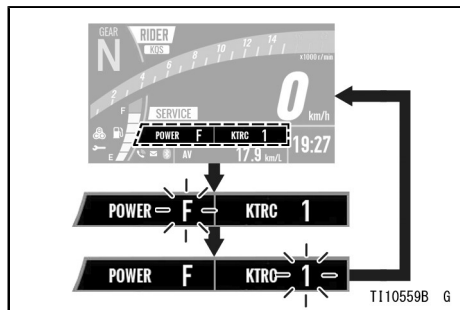
### How to Change Parameters



- A. Choose the mode**  
**B. Choose the mode**  
**C. Move selected item**

- Display the RIDER mode parameters.
- Push the SELECT button to shift to the parameter to be changed.
- The parameter cannot be shifted on following situations:
  - When the throttle grip is open.

- When the vehicle speed exceeds 5 km/h (3 mph).



**➡ : Flow when pushing SELECT button**

- Blink the mode of “POWER” using the SELECT button.
- Choose the mode using the upper or lower button.

#### Characteristics

|   |            |
|---|------------|
| F | Full power |
| L | Low power  |

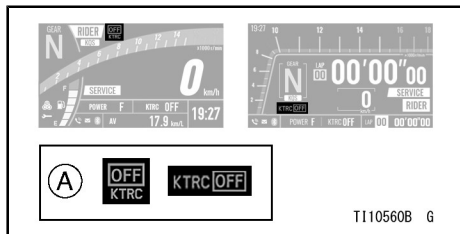
- Push the SELECT button.
- Choose KTRC mode in the same way.

#### System intervention level

|     |                 |
|-----|-----------------|
| 1   | Low             |
| 2   | Middle          |
| 3   | High            |
| OFF | No intervention |

#### NOTE

- *Operate the throttle carefully while KTRC is off because rear wheelspin cannot be controlled.*
- *When KTRC is off, KTRC OFF indicator appears on the display screen.*



#### A. KTRC OFF Indicator

### KTRC

KTRC (Kawasaki TRaction Control) is an intelligent system that calculates the slip level of the rear wheel (wheel-spin) during acceleration and controls the optimum slip ratio to suit the riding conditions. KTRC can contribute to a stable ride not only for sports riding but also when riding on a rough or slippery road surface.

KTRC is designed for use on public roads. KTRC cannot respond to every

### 130 HOW TO RIDE THE MOTORCYCLE

condition. Acceleration may be delayed under certain conditions.



#### **WARNING**

**KTRC cannot protect the rider from all possible hazards and is not a substitute for safe riding practices. Be aware of how the KTRC system operates and its limitations. It is the rider's responsibility to ride at appropriate speeds and manner for weather, road surface and traffic conditions.**

If a wheelie occurs due to excessive acceleration, KTRC will control the engine output to make the front wheel contact the road surface. In this case, slightly release the throttle grip so that the front wheel stays in contact with the road surface.



#### **WARNING**

**Use of non-recommended tires could cause a malfunction or improper operation of KTRC. Bimota recommends use of the recommended standard tires for this motorcycle.**

#### **KTRC Indicator**



KTRC indicator blinks while the system intervenes.

---

## KTRC Modes

---

KTRC determines the traction control characteristics with 3 mode selections. KTRC can also be set to OFF.

### Mode 1:

KTRC has the least intervention among the three modes. This mode gives maximum acceleration for sport riding.

### Mode 2:

KTRC intervention is moderate, about half way between the mode 1 and mode 3.

### Mode 3:

KTRC intervenes early to help prevent the rear wheel from spinning whenever possible. This mode is used in low grip situations.

### OFF:

KTRC does not intervene. Operate the throttle carefully since the rear wheelspin cannot be controlled.

## Power Mode

The power mode determines the engine power output characteristics and has 2 settings.

### Mode F:

“F” means the full power, and the highest engine power output is achieved. The rider can feel the full throttle response of the engine.

### Mode L:

“L” means the low. The throttle response is milder than mode F.

## KQS (Equipped Models)

KQS (Kawasaki Quick Shifter) enables shifting gears up and down without operating the clutch lever.

KQS is not designed for shifting automatically. Therefore, you must use the same shift pedal operation as with motorcycles not equipped with KQS.

### NOTE

- *KQS system does not work while the clutch lever is being pulled.*
- *KQS system does not work properly below approximately 2 500 r/min (rpm).*
- *Following any up or down shift, the shift pedal must be fully released before another shift with KQS can be made.*

### Upshifting

During acceleration, KQS system allows you to upshift without operating the clutch and letting off the throttle.

### NOTE

- *The upshifting function of KQS system does not work when the throttle is closed.*

### Downshifting

During deceleration, KQS system allows you to downshift without operation the clutch.

### NOTE

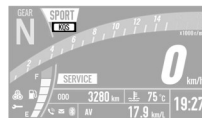
- *The downshifting function of KQS system works only when the throttle is closed.*
- *The downshifting function of KQS system does not work when the engine speed is high (near the red zone on the tachometer).*

## KQS Setting

- Close the throttle grip completely.
- Push the SELECT and lower buttons simultaneously and hold them in until KQS mode indicator appears.



A. Lower Button  
B. SELECT Button



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### A. KQS Mode Indicator

- To turn off, push the SELECT and lower buttons simultaneously and hold them in until KQS mode indicator disappears.

## NOTE

- When changing the mode, stop the motorcycle.

## MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

The maintenance and adjustments outlined in this chapter must be carried out in accordance with the Daily Checks and Periodic Maintenance to keep the motorcycle in good running condition and to reduce air pollution. **The initial maintenance is vitally important and must not be neglected.**



### WARNING

**Failure to perform these checks or to correct a problem before operation may result in serious damage or an accident. Always perform daily checks before operation.**

Although items other than daily maintenance are described, this maintenance and repair work should be done by qualified technicians. Bimota does not recommend doing this work without knowledge and proper tools. Please note that Bimota cannot assume any responsibility for damage resulting from incorrect or improper adjustment made by the owner.

**DANGER**

**Exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide, a colorless, odorless poisonous gas. Inhaling carbon monoxide can cause serious brain injury or death. DO NOT run the engine in enclosed areas. Operate only in a well-ventilated area.**

**NOTE**

- *If a torque wrench is not available, the maintenance items which require a specific torque value should be serviced by an authorized Bimota dealer.*

## Daily Checks

Check the following items each day before you ride. The time required is minimal, and habitual performance of these checks will help ensure you a safe, reliable ride.

If any irregularities are found during these checks, contact an authorized Bimota dealer. Temporary measures methods are described on each page.

| Operation                                                                                    | See Page |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>Fuel</b><br>Adequate supply in tank, no leaks                                             | —        |
| <b>Engine Oil</b><br>Oil level between level lines                                           | 143      |
| <b>Tires</b><br>Air pressure (when cold), install the air valve cap                          | 175      |
| Tire wear                                                                                    | 176      |
| <b>Drive Chain</b><br>Slack: every 1 000 km (600 mile)                                       | 153      |
| Lubricate: every 600 km (400 mile)                                                           | 152      |
| <b>Bolts, nuts and fasteners</b><br>Check for loose and/or missing bolts, nuts and fasteners | —        |

| Operation                                                                                               | See Page |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>Steering</b>                                                                                         |          |
| Action smooth but not loose from lock to lock                                                           | —        |
| No binding of control cables                                                                            | —        |
| <b>Brakes</b>                                                                                           |          |
| Brake pad wear                                                                                          | 158      |
| Brake fluid level                                                                                       | 157      |
| No brake fluid leakage                                                                                  | —        |
| <b>Throttle</b>                                                                                         |          |
| Throttle grip operates smoothly                                                                         | 150      |
| <b>Clutch</b>                                                                                           |          |
| Clutch lever free play                                                                                  | 151      |
| Clutch lever operates smoothly                                                                          | —        |
| <b>Coolant</b>                                                                                          |          |
| No coolant leakage                                                                                      | —        |
| Coolant level between level lines (when engine is cold)                                                 | 146      |
| <b>Electrical equipment</b>                                                                             |          |
| All lights (head, city, brake/tail, turn signal, license plate, warning/indicator), meter and horn work | —        |

## 138 MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

| Operation                                                                                                       | See Page |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| <b>Engine stop switch</b><br>Stops engine                                                                       | —        |
| <b>Side stand</b><br>Return to its fully up position by spring tension<br>Return spring not weak or not damaged | —<br>—   |
| <b>Rear view mirrors</b><br>Rear view sight                                                                     | —        |

# Periodic Maintenance

- \*A: Service at number of years shown or indicated odometer reading intervals, whichever comes first.
- \*B: For higher odometer readings, repeat at the frequency interval established here.
- \*C: Service more frequently when operating in severe conditions: dusty, wet, muddy, high speed, or frequent starting/stopping.
- Q: Dealer Inspection
- ↻: Dealer Change or Replace
- 🔧: Dealer Lubrication

| Items                                                                               | year<br>(*A) | Odometer Reading (*B)<br>× 1 000 km (× 1 000 mile) |             |              |              |              | See<br>Page |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
|                                                                                     |              | 1<br>(0.6)                                         | 12<br>(7.6) | 24<br>(15.2) | 36<br>(22.8) | 48<br>(30.4) |             |
| Check for error codes and perform dynamic inspection using Kawasaki diagnostic tool | Q: 1         | Q                                                  | Q           | Q            | Q            | Q            | —           |
| Air cleaner element (*C)                                                            |              |                                                    |             | ↻            |              | ↻            | 149         |
| Idle speed                                                                          |              | Q                                                  | Q           | Q            | Q            | Q            | 150         |

## 140 MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

| Items                                   | year<br>(*A) | Odometer Reading (*B)<br>× 1 000 km (× 1 000 mile) |             |              |              |              | See<br>Page |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
|                                         |              | 1<br>(0.6)                                         | 12<br>(7.6) | 24<br>(15.2) | 36<br>(22.8) | 48<br>(30.4) |             |
| Throttle control system (smooth return) | Q: 1         | Q                                                  | Q           | Q            | Q            | Q            | 150         |
| Engine vacuum synchronization           |              |                                                    | Q           | Q            | Q            | Q            | —           |
| Fuel system                             | Q: 1         | Q                                                  | Q           | Q            | Q            | Q            | —           |
| Fuel filter                             |              |                                                    |             | ↻            |              | ↻            | —           |
| Fuel hose                               | ↻: 5         |                                                    |             |              |              |              | —           |
| Evaporative emission control system     |              |                                                    |             | Q            |              | Q            | —           |
| Cooling system                          | Q: 1         | Q                                                  | Q           | Q            | Q            | Q            | —           |
| Coolant, water hose and O-ring          | ↻: 3         |                                                    |             |              | ↻            |              | —           |
| Valve clearance                         |              | Q: every 36 000 km (22 500 mile)                   |             |              |              |              | —           |
| Air suction system                      |              |                                                    | Q           | Q            | Q            | Q            | —           |

| Items                                              | year<br>(*A) | Odometer Reading (*B)<br>× 1 000 km (× 1 000 mile) |             |              |              |              | See<br>Page |
|----------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
|                                                    |              | 1<br>(0.6)                                         | 12<br>(7.6) | 24<br>(15.2) | 36<br>(22.8) | 48<br>(30.4) |             |
| Clutch operation (play, engagement, disengagement) | Q: 1         | Q                                                  | Q           | Q            | Q            | Q            | 151         |
| Engine oil (*C) and oil filter                     | ↻: 1         | ↻                                                  | ↻           | ↻            | ↻            | ↻            | 143         |
| Wheel bearing damage                               | Q: 1         |                                                    | Q           | Q            | Q            | Q            | —           |
| Drive chain wear (*C)                              |              |                                                    | Q           | Q            | Q            | Q            | —           |
| Drive chain guide wear                             |              |                                                    | Q           | Q            | Q            | Q            | —           |
| Brake system                                       | Q: 1         | Q                                                  | Q           | Q            | Q            | Q            | —           |
| Brake operation (effectiveness, play, no drag)     | Q: 1         | Q                                                  | Q           | Q            | Q            | Q            | —           |
| Brake fluid (front and rear)                       | ↻: 2         |                                                    |             | ↻            |              | ↻            | —           |
| Brake hose                                         | ↻: 4         |                                                    |             |              |              |              | —           |
| Rubber parts of brake master cylinder and caliper  | ↻: 4         |                                                    |             |              |              | ↻            | —           |

## 142 MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

| Items                                  | year<br>(*A)                                                                          | Odometer Reading (*B)<br>× 1 000 km (× 1 000 mile) |                                                                                   |                                                                                   |                                                                                     |                                                                                     | See<br>Page |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
|                                        |                                                                                       | 1<br>(0.6)                                         | 12<br>(7.6)                                                                       | 24<br>(15.2)                                                                      | 36<br>(22.8)                                                                        | 48<br>(30.4)                                                                        |             |
| Suspension system                      | Q: 1                                                                                  |                                                    | Q                                                                                 | Q                                                                                 | Q                                                                                   | Q                                                                                   | —           |
| Lubrication of rear suspension         |                                                                                       |                                                    |                                                                                   |  |                                                                                     |  | —           |
| Steering play                          | Q: 1                                                                                  | Q                                                  | Q                                                                                 | Q                                                                                 | Q                                                                                   | Q                                                                                   | —           |
| Steering stem bearing                  |  : 2 |                                                    |                                                                                   |  |                                                                                     |  | —           |
| Electrical system                      | Q: 1                                                                                  |                                                    | Q                                                                                 | Q                                                                                 | Q                                                                                   | Q                                                                                   | —           |
| Spark plug replacement                 |                                                                                       |                                                    |  |  |  |  | —           |
| Chassis parts                          |  : 1 |                                                    |  |  |  |  | —           |
| Condition of bolts, nuts and fasteners |                                                                                       | Q                                                  | Q                                                                                 | Q                                                                                 | Q                                                                                   | Q                                                                                   | —           |

### NOTE

- *All owner daily maintenance items should also be checked at every scheduled dealer service.*

## Engine Oil

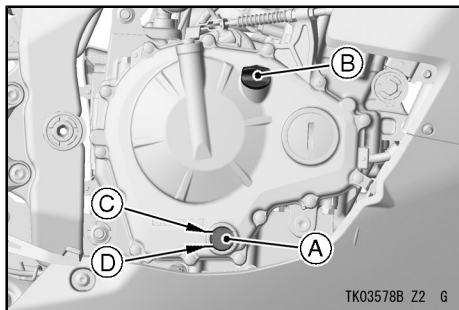
### Oil Level Inspection

- If the engine is cold, start the engine and run it for several minutes at idle speed.
- Stop the engine, then wait several minutes until the oil settles.

### **NOTICE**

**Racing the engine before the oil reaches every part can cause engine seizure.**

- Check the engine oil level through the oil level inspection window. With the motorcycle held level, the oil level should come up between the upper and lower level lines next to the oil level inspection window.



- A. Oil Level Inspection Window  
 B. Oil Filler Cap  
 C. Upper Level Line  
 D. Lower Level Line

- If the oil level is too high, remove the excess oil through the oil filler opening using a syringe or some other suitable device.
- If the oil level is too low, add oil to reach the correct level. Use the same type and brand of oil that is already in the engine.

## 144 MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

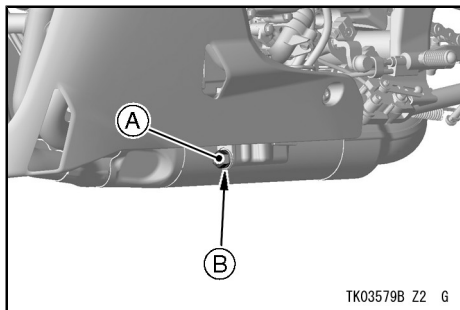
### Oil and/or Oil Filter Change

- The oil change and oil filter replacement should be done by an authorized Bimota dealer. It is recommended to use the genuine Bimota parts.



### WARNING

**Engine oil is a toxic substance. Dispose of used oil properly. Contact your local authorities for approved disposal methods or possible recycling.**



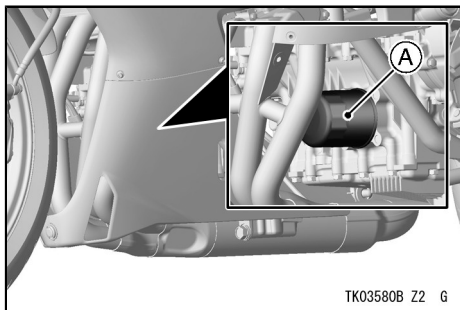
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**A. Engine Oil Drain Bolt**

**B. Gasket**

### Tightening Torque

Engine Oil Drain Bolt:  
30 N·m (3.1 kgf·m, 22 ft·lb)



### A. Oil Filter

#### Tightening Torque

Oil Filter:  
17.5 N·m (1.78 kgf·m, 12.9 ft·lb)

## NOTICE

**Tighten the oil filter and drain bolt with the torque wrench. Otherwise the drain bolt loosens by vibration and engine oil may leak.**

**Replace the gasket with a new one. Otherwise engine oil may leak.**

## NOTE

- *If a torque wrench or required Kawasaki special tool is not available, this item should be serviced by an authorized Bimota dealer.*

#### Recommended Engine Oil

Type:  
API SJ, SL, SM, SN, SN PLUS, SP with  
JASO MA, MA1 or MA2

Viscosity:  
SAE 10W-40

**NOTE**

- Do not add any chemical additive to the oil. Oils fulfilling the above requirements are fully formulated and provide adequate lubrication for both the engine and the clutch.

**Engine Oil Capacity**

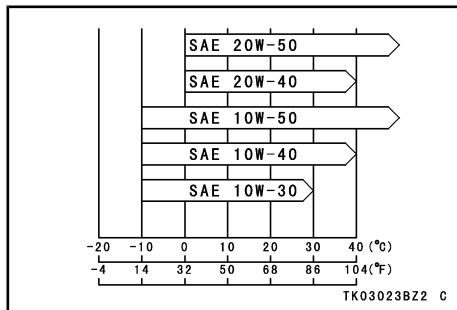
when filter is not removed:

2.3 L (2.4 US qt)

when filter is removed:

2.6 L (2.7 US qt)

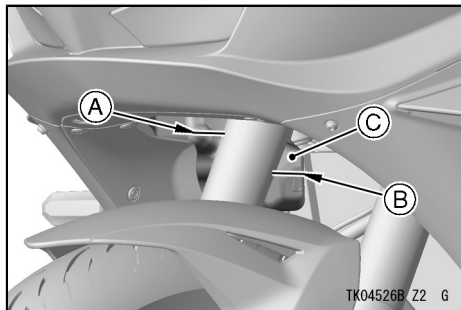
Although 10W-40 engine oil is the recommended oil for most conditions, the oil viscosity may need to be changed to accommodate atmospheric conditions in your riding area.

**Coolant****Coolant Level Inspection**

- Position the motorcycle so that it is perpendicular to the ground.
- Check the coolant level through the gauge on the reserve tank. The coolant level should be between the F (Full) and L (Low) level lines.

# NOTE

- The reserve tank is located behind the right lower fairing.
- Check the level when the engine is cold (room or atmospheric temperature).

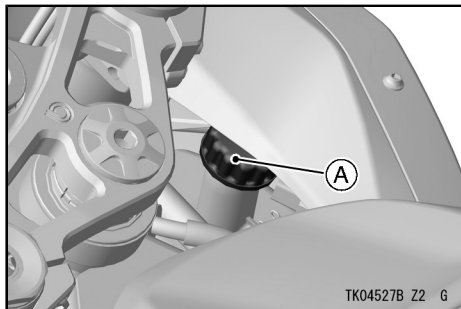


- A. F (Full) Level Line
- B. L (Low) Level Line
- C. Reserve Tank

- If the amount of coolant is insufficient, add coolant into the reserve tank.

## Coolant Filling

- Remove the cap from the reserve tank and add coolant through the filler opening between the F (Full) and L (Low) level lines.



- A. Reserve Tank Cap

**NOTE**

- *In an emergency you can add water alone to the coolant reserve tank, however it must be returned to the correct mixture ratio by the addition of antifreeze concentrate as soon as possible.*

**NOTICE**

**If coolant must be added often, or the reserve tank completely runs dry, there is probably leakage in the system. Have the cooling system inspected by your authorized Bimota dealer.**

- Install the reserve tank cap.

**Coolant Change**

Have the coolant changed by an authorized Bimota dealer.

**Coolant Requirement****WARNING**

**Coolant containing corrosion inhibitors for aluminum engines and radiators include harmful chemicals for human body. Drinking coolant can result in serious injury or death. Use coolant in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer.**

Use a permanent type of antifreeze (soft water and ethylene glycol plus corrosion and rust inhibitor chemicals for aluminum engines and radiators) in the cooling system. On the mixture ratio of coolant, choose the suitable one referring to the relation between freezing point and strength directed on the container.

## NOTICE

If hard water is used in the system, it causes scale accumulation in the water passages, and considerably reduces the efficiency of the cooling system.

## NOTE

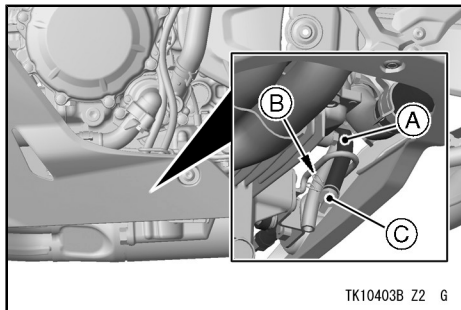
- A permanent type of antifreeze is installed in the cooling system when shipped. It is mixed at 50% and has the freezing point of  $-35^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $-31^{\circ}\text{F}$ ).

## Air Cleaner

This motorcycle's air cleaner element consists of a wet paper filter. Replacement of the air cleaner element should be done by an authorized Bimota dealer.

## Oil Draining

- Inspect the transparent drain hose located under the left side of the engine to see if any oil has run down.



A. Transparent Drain Hose

B. Clamp

C. Plug

- If there is any oil in the transparent drain hose, remove the clamp and plug from the lower end of the drain hose, and drain the oil.

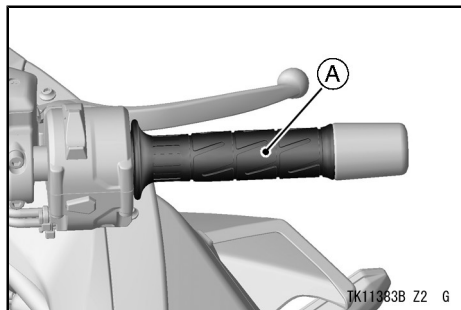
**WARNING**

Oil on tires will make them slippery and can cause an accident and injury. Be sure to install the plug in the drain hose after draining.

## Throttle Control System

### Throttle Operation Inspection

- Check that the throttle grip moves smoothly from full open to close.



#### A. Throttle Grip

- If the throttle grip does not move smoothly, have the throttle control system checked by an authorized Bimota dealer.

## Idle Speed

The idle speed inspection should be performed in accordance with the Periodic Maintenance Chart.

This motorcycle is equipped with the idle speed control system. If the idle speed is disturbed, inspection of the idle speed control should be done by an authorized Bimota dealer.

#### Idle Speed

1 400  $\pm$ 100 r/min (rpm)

#### NOTE

- While the engine is cold, the fast idle system automatically raises the engine idle speed.

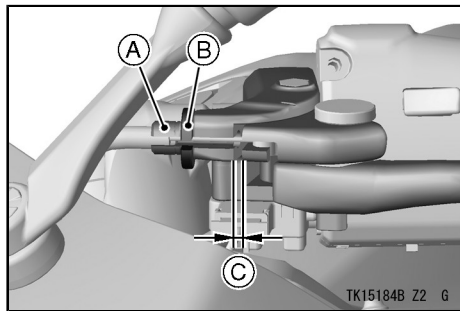
## Clutch

### Clutch Operation Inspection

- Check that the clutch lever operates properly and that the inner cable slides smoothly. If there is any irregularity, have the clutch cable checked by an authorized Bimota dealer.
- Check the clutch lever free play.

### Clutch Lever Free Play

2 – 3 mm (0.08 – 0.12 in.)



A. Adjuster

B. Locknut

C. Clutch Lever Free Play

- If the free play is incorrect, adjust the lever free play as follows.

### Clutch Lever Free Play Adjustment

- Loosen the locknut, and turn the adjuster so that the clutch lever will have the specified free play.

**WARNING**

**Excess clutch lever free play could prevent clutch disengagement and cause a crash resulting in serious injury or death. When adjusting the clutch lever free play, be sure the upper end of the clutch outer cable is fully seated in its fitting so that it doesn't slip into place later and create excessive free play.**

- Tighten the locknut.
- If it cannot be done, have the clutch cable adjusted by an authorized Bimota dealer.

**NOTE**

- *After the adjustment is made, start the engine and check that the clutch does not slip and that it releases properly.*

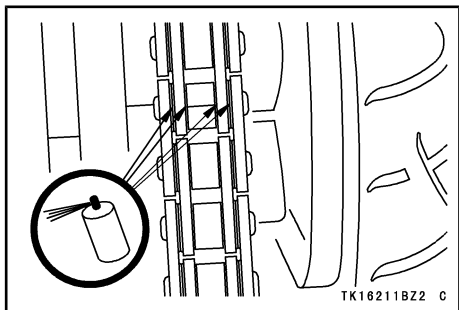
## Drive Chain

### Drive Chain Lubrication

Lubrication is necessary after riding through rain or on wet roads, or any time that the chain appears dry.

Use a lubricant for sealed chains to prevent deterioration of chain seals. If the chain is especially dirty, clean it using a cleaner for sealed chains following the instructions supplied by the chain cleaner manufacturer.

- Apply lubricant to the sides of the rollers so that it will penetrate to the rollers and bushings. Apply lubricant to the seals so that the seals will be coated with lubricant. Wipe off any excess lubricant.



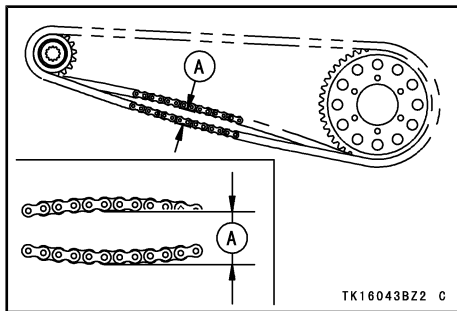
- Wipe off any lubricant that gets on the tire surface.

### Drive Chain Slack Inspection

- Set the motorcycle up on its side stand.
- Clean the chain if it is dirty, and lubricate it if it appears dry.
- Rotate the rear wheel to find the position where the chain is tightest, and measure the maximum chain slack by pulling up and pushing

## MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT 153

down the chain midway between the engine sprocket and rear wheel sprocket.



### A. Chain Slack

- If the drive chain is too tight or too loose, adjust it so that the chain slack is within the standard value.

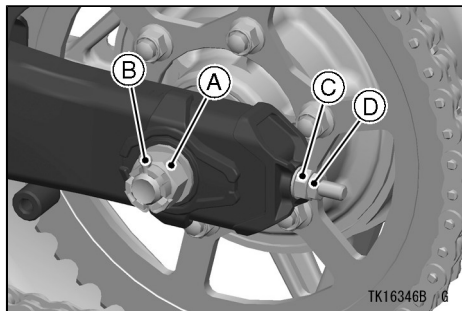
### Drive Chain Slack

25 – 35 mm (1.0 – 1.4 in.)

## 154 MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

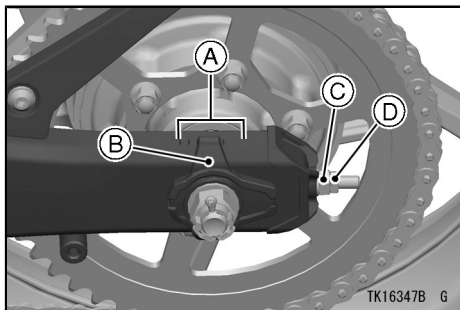
### Drive Chain Slack Adjustment

- Remove the cap from the rear axle nut.
- Loosen the left and right chain adjuster locknuts.
- Remove the cotter pin, and loosen the axle nut.



- A. Axle Nut
- B. Cotter Pin
- C. Adjuster
- D. Locknut

- If the chain is too loose or too tight, turn the left and right chain adjusters evenly to adjust the drive chain slack.
- Turn both chain adjusters evenly until the drive chain has the correct amount of slack. To keep the chain and wheel properly aligned, the notch on the left wheel alignment indicator should align with the same swingarm mark that the right wheel alignment indicator notch aligns with.



- A. Marks
- B. Wheel Alignment Indicator
- C. Adjuster
- D. Locknut

### NOTE

- *Wheel alignment can also be checked using the straightedge or string method.*

### **WARNING**

**Misalignment of the wheel will result in abnormal wear, and may result in an unsafe riding condition. Align the rear wheel using the marks on the swingarm or measuring the distance between the center of the axle and swingarm pivot.**

- Tighten both chain adjuster locknuts.
- Tighten the axle nut to the specified torque.

### Tightening Torque

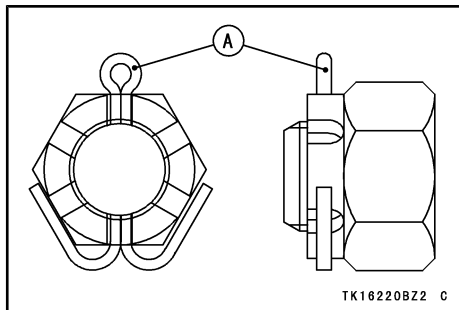
Axle Nut:  
98 N·m (10 kgf·m, 72 ft·lb)

### NOTE

- *If a torque wrench is not available, this item should be serviced by an authorized Bimota dealer.*

## 156 MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

- Rotate the wheel, measure the chain slack again at the tightest position, and readjust if necessary.
- Install a new cotter pin through the axle nut and axle, and spread its ends.



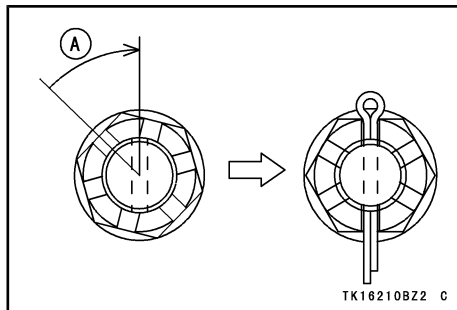
A. Cotter Pin

### NOTE

- When inserting the cotter pin, if the slots in the nut do not align with the cotter pin hole in the axle shaft,

*tighten the nut clockwise up to the next alignment.*

- *It should be within 30 degrees.*
- *Loosen once and tighten again when the slot goes past the nearest hole.*



A. Turn Clockwise

**WARNING**

A loose axle nut can lead to an accident resulting in serious injury or death. Tighten the axle nut to the proper torque and install a new cotter pin.

- Install the cap to the rear axle nut.
- Check the rear brake. (see page 157)

## Brakes

If you feel there is something wrong when applying the brakes, have the brake system checked by an authorized Bimota dealer immediately.

**WARNING**

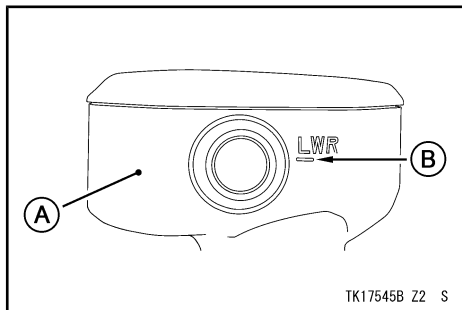
Air in the brake lines diminish braking performance and can cause an accident resulting in injury or death. If the brake lever or pedal feels mushy when it is applied, there might be air in the brake lines or the brake may be defective. Have the brake checked immediately by an authorized Bimota dealer.

**WARNING**

Clean filler cap before removing. Use only DOT4 fluid from a sealed container.

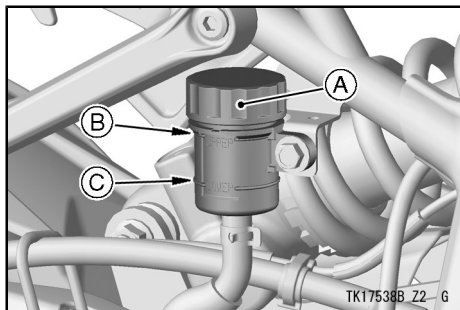
### Brake Fluid Level Inspection

- With the front brake fluid reservoir held horizontal, the brake fluid level must be above the lower level line.



**A. Front Brake Fluid Reservoir**  
**B. Lower Level Line**

- With the rear brake fluid reservoir held horizontal, the brake fluid level must be kept between the upper and lower level lines.



**A. Rear Brake Fluid Reservoir**  
**B. Upper Level Line**  
**C. Lower Level Line**

- If the fluid level is lower than the lower level line it may indicate that the fluid is leaking. In this case, have the brake system inspected by an authorized Bimota dealer.

### Brake Pad Wear Inspection

- Inspect the brakes for wear. For each front and rear disc brake caliper, if the thickness of either pad

lining is less than below table, replace both pads in the caliper as a set. Pad replacement should be done by an authorized Bimota dealer.

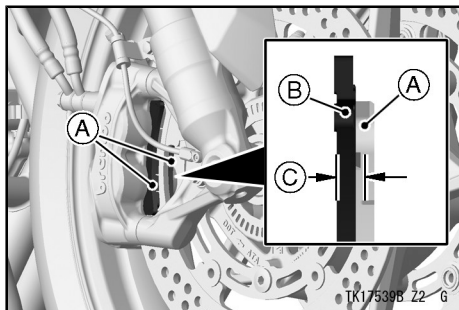
#### Lining Thickness Service Limit

##### Front:

5 mm (0.20 in.) (Thickness of pad lining and back plate)

##### Rear:

1 mm (0.04 in.)

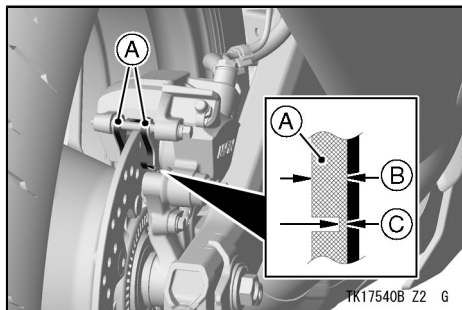


A. Front Brake Pads

B. Back Plate

C. Service Limit

## 160 MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT



- A. Rear Brake Pads
- B. Lining Thickness
- C. Service Limit

## Brake Light Switches

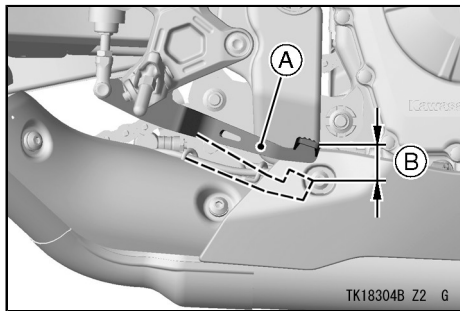
### Brake Light Switch Inspection

- Turn the ignition switch on.
- The brake light should appear when the front brake is applied.
- If it does not, ask your authorized Bi-mota dealer to inspect the front brake light switch.

- Check the operation of the rear brake light switch by depressing the brake pedal. The brake light should appear after the proper pedal travel.

### Brake Pedal Travel

7 mm (0.28 in.)

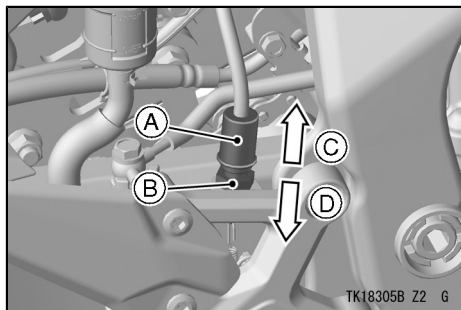


- A. Brake Pedal
- B. Brake Pedal Travel

- If the light does not come on, adjust the rear brake light switch.

## Rear Brake Light Switch Adjustment

- To adjust the rear brake light switch, move the switch up or down by turning the adjusting nut.



- A. Rear Brake Light Switch  
B. Adjusting Nut  
C. Lights sooner  
D. Lights later

## NOTICE

To avoid damaging the electrical connections inside the switch, be sure that the switch body does not turn during adjustment.

## Suspension System

### Front Fork

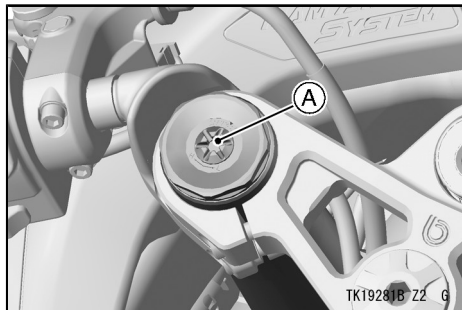
## NOTICE

After riding on the normal road, the unpaved road and in the rainy weather, clean off any dirt (grit, mud or insect etc.) that stuck to inner tube before it hardens. If the motorcycle keeps running with the dirt stuck to the inner tube, the oil seal will be damaged and it causes the oil leak.

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### Spring Preload Adjustment

The adjuster is located at the top of left front fork leg.



#### A. Spring Preload Adjuster

- Turn the adjuster clockwise to increase spring preload and stiffen the suspension.
- Turn the adjuster counterclockwise to decrease preload and soften the suspension.

### NOTICE

**Do not turn the adjuster beyond the fully seated position or the adjusting mechanism may be damaged.**

### NOTE

- *The spring preload adjuster can be turned with the Allen wrench or suitable tool.*
- *The standard and setting limit are shown in the Setting Tables. (see page 171)*

### Rebound Adjustment

### Damping

### Force

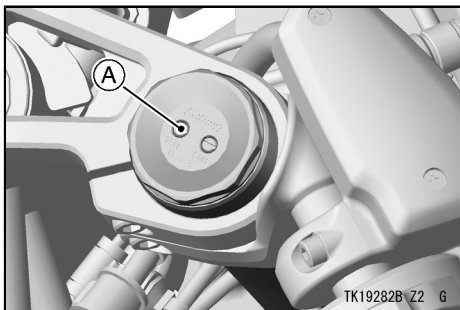
The adjuster is located at the top of right front fork leg.

**NOTE**

- The rebound damping adjuster can be turned with the flat tip screwdriver.
- The standard and setting limit are shown in the Setting Tables. (see page 171)

**Compression Damping Force Adjustment**

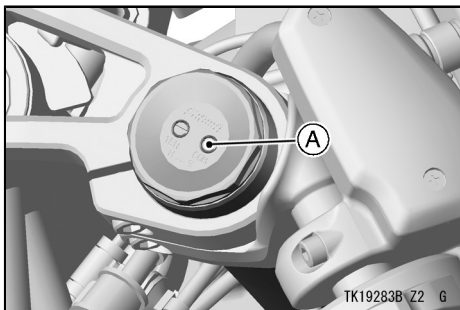
The adjuster is located at the top of right front fork leg.

**A. Rebound Damping Force Adjuster**

- Turn the adjuster clockwise to increase damping force.
- Turn the adjuster counterclockwise to decrease damping force.

**NOTICE**

Do not turn the adjuster beyond the fully seated position or the adjusting mechanism may be damaged.



#### A. Compression Damping Force Adjuster

- Turn the adjuster clockwise to increase damping force.
- Turn the adjuster counterclockwise to decrease damping force.

### **NOTICE**

**Do not turn the adjuster beyond the fully seated position or the adjusting mechanism may be damaged.**

### **NOTE**

- *The compression damping adjuster can be turned with the flat tip screwdriver.*
- *The standard and setting limit are shown in the Setting Tables. (see page 171)*

## Rear Shock Absorber (KB400A)



### WARNING

- **Adjusting the Öhlins shock absorber outside the spring preload and damper adjuster usable range could effect suspension balance and result in an unsafe riding condition. Adjust the spring preload and the damping only within the adjustable usable range.**
- **When making spring preload and damping adjustments, change the adjuster only one click at a time and confirm the effect from the adjustment before making additional changes. Go back to the standard setting if necessary.**

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There is no mounting instruction because the original Bimota setting is given as for this shock absorber.

Öhlins can accept the overhaul of your shock absorber at your cost. However, if the setting parts of the absorber is changed, it shall be excluded from Bimota warranty.

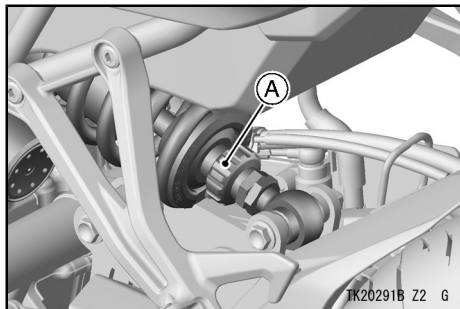
### Spring Preload Adjustment

The spring adjusting nut on the rear shock absorber can be adjusted.

If the spring action feels too soft or too stiff, have it adjusted by an authorized Bimota dealer.

### Rebound Damping Force Adjustment

The adjuster is located at the lower end of the rear shock absorber.



#### A. Rebound Damping Force Adjuster

- Turn the adjuster clockwise to increase damping force.
- Turn the adjuster counterclockwise to decrease damping force.

### ***NOTICE***

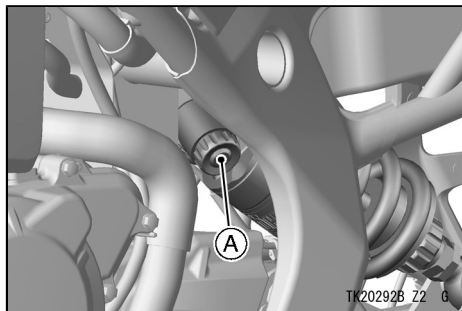
**Do not turn the adjuster beyond the fully seated position or the adjusting mechanism may be damaged.**

## NOTE

- The standard and setting limit are shown in the Setting Tables. (see page 171)

## Compression Damping Force Adjustment

The adjuster is located at the top of the rear shock absorber.



A. Compression Damping Force Adjuster

## NOTICE

**Do not turn the adjuster beyond the fully seated position or the adjusting mechanism may be damaged.**

## NOTE

- The standard and setting limit are shown in the Setting Tables. (see page 171)

## Öhlins Recommended Service Interval

Öhlins recommends an overhaul in the following interval.

**Regular Street Use:**

**Every 30 000 km (18 750 mile) or 3 years**

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When the service is necessary, ask an authorized Bimota dealer.

### Rear Shock Absorber (KB400B)

#### Spring Preload Adjustment

The spring adjusting nut on the rear shock absorber can be adjusted.

If the spring action feels too soft or too stiff, have it adjusted by an authorized Bimota dealer.

#### Rebound                  Damping                  Force Adjustment

The adjuster is located at the lower end of the rear shock absorber.

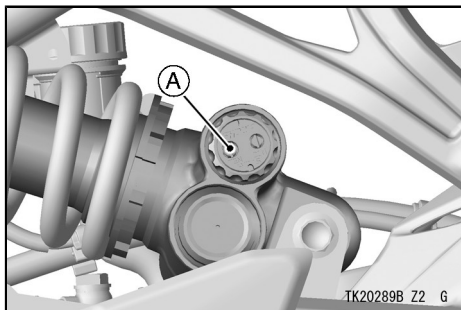
- Turn the adjuster clockwise to increase damping force.
- Turn the adjuster counterclockwise to decrease damping force.

### NOTICE

**Do not turn the adjuster beyond the fully seated position or the adjusting mechanism may be damaged.**

### NOTE

- *The rebound damping adjuster can be turned with the flat tip screwdriver.*
- *The standard and setting limit are shown in the Setting Tables. (see page 171)*



#### A. Rebound Damping Force Adjuster

### Compression Damping Force Adjustment

The adjuster is located at the lower end of the rear shock absorber.

- Turn the adjuster clockwise to increase damping force.
- Turn the adjuster counterclockwise to decrease damping force.

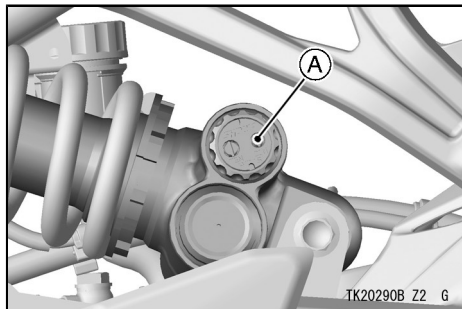
## NOTICE

**Do not turn the adjuster beyond the fully seated position or the adjusting mechanism may be damaged.**

## NOTE

- *The rebound damping adjuster can be turned with the flat tip screwdriver.*
- *The standard and setting limit are shown in the Setting Tables. (see page 171)*

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**A. Compression Damping Force Adjuster**

## Setting Tables

### Front Fork Spring Preload Setting

|                   | Softest setting limit | <b>Standard</b>     | Hardest setting limit |
|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Adjuster Position | 0*                    | <b>6 turns in**</b> | 20 turns in**         |
| Spring Action     | Weak                  | ←→                  | Strong                |
| Setting           | Soft                  | ←→                  | Hard                  |
| Load              | Light                 | ←→                  | Heavy                 |
| Road              | Good                  | ←→                  | Bad                   |
| Speed             | Low                   | ←→                  | High                  |

\*: This position is the fully seated position (turned fully counterclockwise).

\*\*: In from the fully seated position (turned fully counterclockwise). This adjustment range may not exactly match the number shown in the table due to small tolerance of production.

## 172 MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

### Front Fork Damping Force Settings

|                    | Softest setting limit | Standard             | Hardest setting limit |
|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Adjuster Position: |                       |                      |                       |
| Rebound            | 5 1/2 turns out**     | <b>3 turns out**</b> | 0*                    |
| Compression        | 7 turns out**         | <b>4 turns out**</b> | 0*                    |
| Damping Force      | Weak                  | ←→                   | Strong                |
| Setting            | Soft                  | ←→                   | Hard                  |
| Load               | Light                 | ←→                   | Heavy                 |
| Road               | Good                  | ←→                   | Bad                   |
| Speed              | Low                   | ←→                   | High                  |

\*: This position is the fully seated position (turned fully clockwise).

\*\* : Out from the fully seated position (turned fully clockwise). This adjustment range may not exactly match the number shown in the table due to small tolerance of production.

**Rear Shock Absorber Damping Force Settings (KB400A)**

|                    | Softest setting limit | <b>Standard</b>    | Hardest setting limit |
|--------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Adjuster Position: |                       |                    |                       |
| Rebound            | 30 clicks**           | <b>22 clicks**</b> | 12 clicks**           |
| Compression        | 22 clicks**           | <b>18 clicks**</b> | 10 clicks**           |
| Damping Force      | Weak                  | ←→                 | Strong                |
| Setting            | Soft                  | ←→                 | Hard                  |
| Load               | Light                 | ←→                 | Heavy                 |
| Road               | Good                  | ←→                 | Bad                   |
| Speed              | Low                   | ←→                 | High                  |

\*\* : Out from the fully seated position (turned fully clockwise). This adjustment range may not exactly match the number shown in the table due to small tolerance of production.

## 174 MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

### Rear Shock Absorber Damping Force Settings (KB400B)

|                    | Softest setting limit | Standard                | Hardest setting limit |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Adjuster Position: |                       |                         |                       |
| Rebound            | 4 turns out**         | <b>2 turns out**</b>    | 0*                    |
| Compression        | 4 1/2 turns out**     | <b>2 1/4 turn out**</b> | 0*                    |
| Damping Force      | Weak                  | ←→                      | Strong                |
| Setting            | Soft                  | ←→                      | Hard                  |
| Load               | Light                 | ←→                      | Heavy                 |
| Road               | Good                  | ←→                      | Bad                   |
| Speed              | Low                   | ←→                      | High                  |

\*: This position is the fully seated position (turned fully clockwise).

\*\* : Out from the fully seated position (turned fully clockwise). This adjustment range may not exactly match the number shown in the table due to small tolerance of production.

## Wheels

### Tire Pressure Inspection

- Remove the air valve cap.
- Check the tire pressure often, using an accurate gauge.

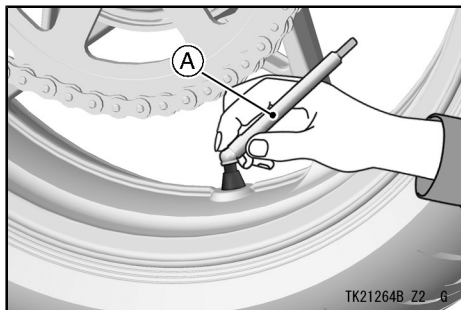
### Tire Air Pressure (when cold)

#### Front:

225 kPa (2.25 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 32 psi)

#### Rear:

250 kPa (2.50 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 36 psi)



### A. Tire Pressure Gauge

- Make sure to install the air valve cap securely.

### NOTE

- Measure the tire pressure when the tires are cold (that is, when the motorcycle has not been ridden more than 1.6 km (1 mile) during the past 3 hours).

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- *Tire pressure is affected by changes in ambient temperature and altitude, and so the tire pressure should be checked and adjusted when your riding involves wide variations in temperature or altitude.*

### Tire Wear, Damage

As the tire tread wears down, the tire becomes more susceptible to puncture and failure. An accepted estimate is that 90% of all tire failures occur during the last 10% of tread life (90% worn). So it is false economy and unsafe to use the tires until they are bald.

### Tire Wear Inspection

- Measure the depth of the tread with a depth gauge, and replace any tire that has worn down to the minimum allowable tread depth.

### Minimum Tread Depth

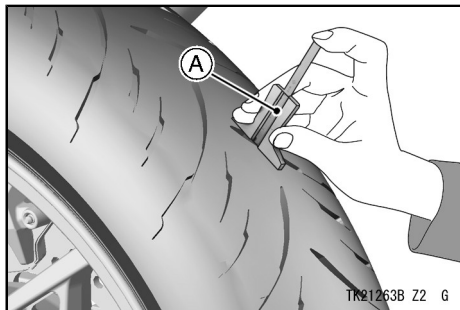
#### Front:

1 mm (0.04 in.)

#### Rear:

Under 130 km/h (80 mph): 2 mm (0.08 in.)

Over 130 km/h (80 mph): 3 mm (0.12 in.)

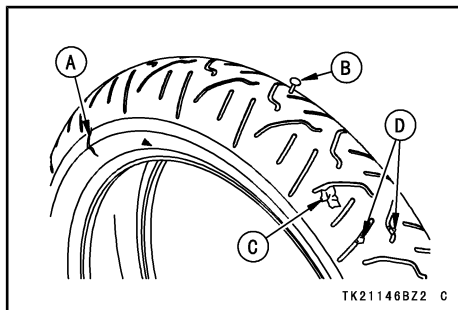


### A. Tire Depth Gauge

- Visually inspect the tire for cracks and cuts, replacing the tire in case of bad damage. Swelling or high

spots indicate internal damage, requiring tire replacement.

- Remove any imbedded stones or other foreign particles from the tread.



- A. Crack or Cut
- B. Nail
- C. Swelling or High Spot
- D. Stone

### NOTE

- Have the wheel balance inspected whenever a new tire is installed.

### WARNING

Tires that have been punctured and repaired do not have the same capabilities as undamaged tires and can suddenly fail, causing an accident resulting in serious injury or death. Replace damaged tires as soon as possible. To ensure safe handling and stability, Bimota recommends use of the recommended standard tires for replacement, inflated to the standard pressure. If it is necessary to ride on a repaired tire, do not exceed 100 km/h (60 mph) until the tire is replaced.

### NOTE

- Most countries may have their own regulations requiring a minimum tire tread depth; be sure to follow them.

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- *When operating on public roadways, keep maximum speed under traffic law limits.*

### Recommended Standard Tire

#### Front:

Make, Type:

DUNLOP, SPORTMAX GPR-300F

Size:

120/70ZR17 M/C (58W)

#### Rear:

Make, Type:

DUNLOP, SPORTMAX GPR-300

Size:

160/60ZR17 M/C (69W)



## WARNING

**Mixing tire brands and types can adversely affect handling and cause an accident resulting in injury or death. Always use the same manufacturer's tires on both front and rear wheels.**



## WARNING

**New tires are slippery and may cause loss of control and injury. A break-in period of 160 km (100 miles) is necessary to establish normal tire traction. During break-in, avoid sudden and maximum braking and acceleration, and hard cornering.**

## Battery

The battery installed in this motorcycle is a sealed type, so it is not necessary to check the battery electrolyte level or add distilled water.

## NOTICE

**Never remove the sealing strip, or the battery can be damaged. Do not install a conventional battery in this motorcycle, or the electrical system cannot work properly.**

### Standard Battery

Make:  
Yuasa Battery  
Type:  
YTZ10

### Battery Maintenance

It is the owner's responsibility to keep the battery fully charged. Failure to do so can lead to battery failure and leave you stranded.

If you are riding your vehicle infrequently, inspect the battery voltage weekly using a voltmeter. If it is lower

than the voltage listed below, the battery should be charged using an appropriate charger (check with your Bimota dealer).

### Battery Voltage

12.8 V

If you will not be using the motorcycle for longer than two weeks, the battery should be charged using an appropriate charger. Do not use an automotive-type quick charger that may overcharge the battery and damage it.

### NOTE

- *Leaving the battery connected causes the electrical components (clock etc.) to make the battery discharged, resulting the over discharge of the battery. In this case, the repair or replacement of the battery is not included in the warranty. If you do not drive for four weeks or*

## 180 MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

*more, disconnect the battery from the vehicle.*

### **Bimota-recommended chargers are:**

Battery Mate 150-9

OptiMate 4

Yuasa MB-2040/2060

Christie C10122S

If the above chargers are not available, use equivalent one.

For more details, ask your Bimota dealer.

### **Battery Charging**

- Charge the battery following the instructions of your battery charger.
- The charger will keep the battery fully charged until you are ready to reinstall the battery in the motorcycle. (see page 183)

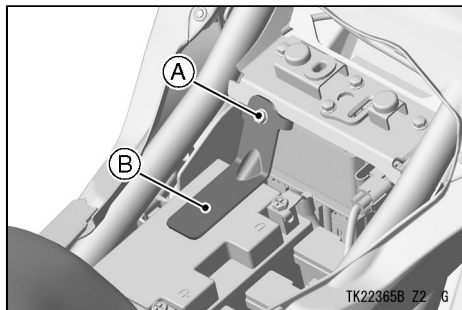
**DANGER**

- **Battery acid generates hydrogen gas which is flammable and explosive under certain conditions. It is present within a battery at all times, even in a discharged condition. Keep all flames and sparks (cigarettes) away from the battery.**
- **Wear eye protection when working with a battery. In the event of battery acid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing, wash the affected areas immediately with water for at least five minutes. Seek medical attention.**

## 182 MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

### Battery Removal

- Make sure the ignition switch is turned off.
- Remove the rider's seat (see page 108).
- Remove the bolt and the battery holder.

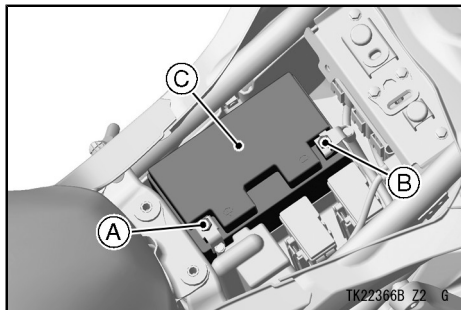


**A. Bolt**

**B. Battery Holder**

- Disconnect the negative (–) cable from the (–) terminal.

- Slide the red cap from the positive (+) terminal.
- Disconnect the positive (+) cable from the (+) terminal.



**A. Red Cap and (+) Terminal**

**B. (–) Terminal**

**C. Battery**

- Take the battery out of the battery case.
- Clean the battery using a solution of baking soda and water. Be sure that the cable connections are clean.

## Battery Installation

- Place the battery in the battery case.
- Connect the positive (+) cable to the (+) terminal, and then connect the negative (–) cable to the (–) terminal.

### NOTE

- *When connecting the battery negative (–) cable, be sure to tighten the terminal bolt while pressing the battery cable terminal against the battery terminal.*

### NOTICE

**Installing the negative (–) cable to the positive (+) terminal of the battery or the positive (+) cable to the negative (–) terminal of the battery can seriously damage the electrical system.**

- Put a light coat of grease on the terminals to prevent corrosion.
- Cover the (+) terminal with the red cap.
- Install the removed parts.

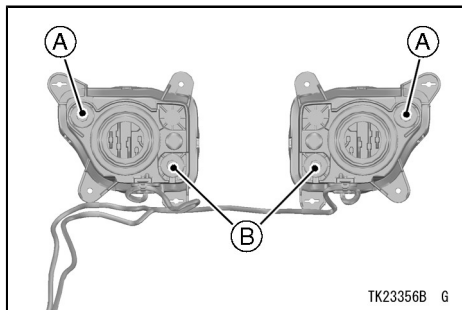
## Headlight

Headlight aiming should be done by an authorized Bimota dealer.

### Horizontal Adjustment

The headlight beam is adjustable horizontally. If not properly adjusted horizontally, the beam will point to one side rather than straight ahead.

- Turn the horizontal adjuster in or out until the beam points straight ahead.



- A. Horizontal Adjusters**  
**B. Vertical Adjusters**

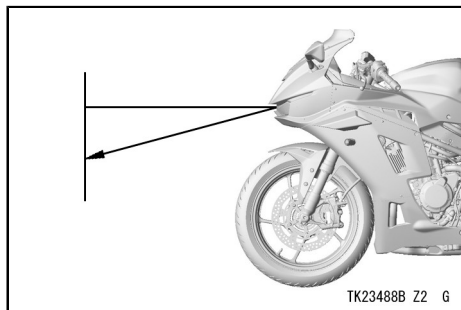
### Vertical Adjustment

The headlight beam is adjustable vertically. If adjusted too low, neither low nor high beam will illuminate the road far enough ahead. If adjusted too high, the high beam will fail to illuminate the road close ahead, and the low beam will blind oncoming drivers.

- Turn the vertical adjuster in or out to adjust the headlight vertically.

### NOTE

- On high beam, the brightest point should be slightly below horizontal with the motorcycle on its wheels and the rider seated. Adjust the headlight to the proper angle according to local regulations.



### Fuses

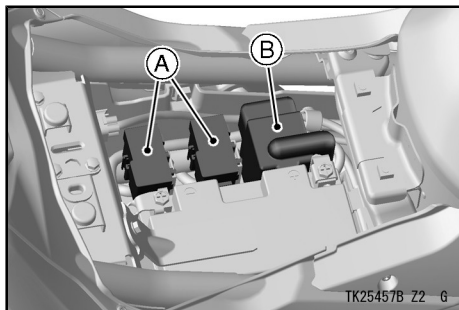
Fuses are arranged in the fuse boxes located under the rider's seat.

The main fuse is located under the rider's seat.

If a fuse fails during operation, inspect the electrical system to determine the cause, and then replace it with a new fuse of proper amperage.

If the fuse fails repeatedly, there is something wrong with the electrical system. Have the motorcycle checked by an authorized Bimota dealer.

The main fuse removal should be done by an authorized Bimota dealer.

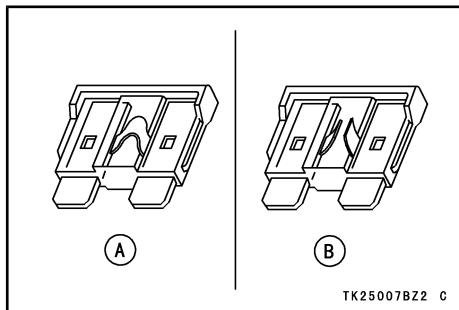


A. Fuse Boxes  
B. Main Fuse



## WARNING

**Substituting fuses can cause wiring to overheat, catch fire and/or fail. Do not use any substitute for the standard fuse. Replace the blown fuse with a new one of the correct capacity, as specified on the fuse boxes and main fuse.**



A. Normal

B. Failed

## General Lubrication

Lubricate the points shown below, with either engine oil or regular grease, in accordance with the Periodic Maintenance Chart or whenever the vehicle has been operated under wet or rainy conditions.

Before lubricating each part, clean off any rusty spots with rust remover

and wipe off any grease, oil, dirt, or grime.

### Apply motor oil to the following pivots

- Side Stand
- Clutch Lever
- Front Brake Lever
- Rear Brake Pedal

### Lubricate the following cables with a pressure cable luber

- (K) Clutch Inner Cable

### Apply grease to the following points

- (K) Clutch Inner Cable Upper Ends

(K): Should be serviced by an authorized Bimota dealer.

### NOTE

- *After connecting the cables, adjust them.*

## Cleaning

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### General Precautions

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Frequent and proper care of your vehicle will enhance its appearance, optimize overall performance, and extend its useful life. Covering your vehicle with a high quality, breathable vehicle cover will help protect its finish from harmful UV rays, pollutants, and reduce the amount of dust reaching its surfaces.



## **WARNING**

**Build-up of debris or flammable material in and around the vehicle chassis, engine, and exhaust can cause mechanical problems and increase the risk of fire.**

**When operating the vehicle in conditions that allow debris or flammable material to collect in and around the vehicle, inspect the engine, electrical component and exhaust areas frequently.**

**If debris or flammable materials have collected, park the vehicle outside and stop the engine. Allow the engine to cool, then remove any collected debris.**

**Do not park or store the vehicle in an enclosed space prior to inspecting for build-up of debris or flammable materials.**

- Be sure the engine and exhaust are cool before washing.
- When washing the vehicle, always use a mild neutral detergent and water.
- Avoid applying all harsh chemicals, solvents, degreaser, oil remover, electrical contact cleaner, and household cleaning products such as ammonia-based window cleaners. They will damage or deteriorate painted parts, plastic parts, rubber parts and other synthetic parts including covers and headlight lens.
- Avoid applying degreaser to seals, brake pads, and tires.
- Gasoline, brake fluid, and coolant will damage the finish of painted and plastic surfaces: wash them off immediately.
- Avoid wire brushes, steel wool, and all other abrasive pads or brushes.

- Take care when washing the headlight lens and other plastic parts as they can easily be scratched.

## NOTE

- *After riding in an area where the roads are salted or near the ocean, immediately wash your vehicle with cold water. Do not use warm water as it accelerates the chemical reaction of the salt. After drying, apply a corrosion protection spray on all metal and chrome surfaces to prevent corrosion.*
- *Condensation may form on the inside of the headlight lens after riding in the rain, washing the vehicle or in humid weather. To remove the moisture, start the engine and turn on the headlight. Gradually the condensation on the inside of the lens will clear off.*

## ***Radiator***

Clean off any obstructions with a stream of low-pressure water.

### ***NOTICE***

Using high-pressure water, as from a car wash facility, could damage the radiator fins and impair the radiator's effectiveness. Do not obstruct or deflect airflow through the radiator by installing unauthorized accessories in front of the radiator or behind the cooling fan. Interference with the radiator airflow can lead to overheating and consequent engine damage.

## ***Matte Paint Parts***

- When washing the vehicle, always use a mild neutral detergent and water, or cleaners for matte paint.

- The matte paint effect may be lost when the paint is excessively rubbed.
- If any doubt, consult an authorized Bimota dealer.

## ***Plastic Parts***

After washing, use a soft cloth to gently dry plastic parts. When dry, treat the headlight lens and other non painted plastic parts with an approved plastic cleaner/polisher product.

## **NOTICE**

**Plastic parts may deteriorate and break if they come in contact with chemical substances or household cleaning products such as gasoline, brake fluid, window cleaners, thread-locking agents, or other harsh chemicals. If a plastic part comes in contact with any harsh chemical substance, wash it off immediately with water and a mild neutral detergent, and then inspect for damage. Avoid using abrasive pads or brushes to clean plastic parts, as they will damage the part's finish.**

### ***Chrome and Aluminum***

Chrome and uncoated aluminum parts can be treated with a chrome/aluminum polish. Coated aluminum

should be washed with a mild neutral detergent and finished with a spray polish. Aluminum wheels, both painted and unpainted can be cleaned with special non-acid based wheel spray cleaners.

### ***Leather, Vinyl, and Rubber***

If your vehicle has leather accessories, special care must be taken. Use a leather cleaner/treatment to clean and care for leather accessories. Washing leather parts with detergent and water will damage them, shortening their life.

Vinyl parts should be washed with the rest of the vehicle, then treated with a vinyl treatment.

The sidewalls of tires and other rubber components should be treated with a rubber protectant to help prolong their useful life.

## Where to be Careful

Avoid spraying water with any great force near the following places.

- Disc brake master cylinder and caliper
- Under the rider's seat — if water gets into the fuse box or battery, it can ground out the spark. When this happens the vehicle will not operate properly and the affected parts must be wiped dry.

### NOTICE

**Coin operated, high pressure spray washers are not recommended. Water may be forced into bearings and other components causing eventual failure from rust and corrosion. Some soaps are highly alkaline and may leave a residue or cause spotting.**

## NOTE

- *Abrasive cleanser or high pressure washer will damage the surface finish on the bodywork.*

## Washing Your Vehicle

- Before washing, precautions must be taken to keep water off the following parts.

Muffler rear opening

→ Cover with a plastic bag.

Ignition switch

→ Cover the keyhole with tape.

- Rinse your vehicle with cold water from a garden hose to remove any loose dirt.
- Mix a mild neutral detergent (designed for motorcycles or automobiles) and water in a bucket. Use a soft cloth or sponge to wash your vehicle.

- After washing, rinse your vehicle thoroughly with clean water to remove any residue (residue from the detergent can damage parts of your vehicle).
- Remove the plastic bag and tape.
- Use a soft cloth to dry your vehicle. As you dry, inspect your vehicle for chips and scratches. Do not let the water air dry as this can damage the painted surfaces.
- Carefully ride your vehicle at a slow speed and apply the brakes several times. This helps dry the brakes and restores them to normal operating performance.

## APPENDIX

### Storage

Whenever your motorcycle will not be in use for a long period, proper storage is essential.

It consists of checking and replacing missing or worn parts; lubricating parts to ensure that they do not corrode and, in general, preparing the motorcycle so that when the time comes to use it again, it will be in top condition.

See your authorized Bimota dealer for this service or do the following.

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### Preparation for Storage

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Make sure the area is well ventilated and free from any source of flame.

#### **DANGER**

**Exhaust gas contains carbon monoxide, a colorless, odorless poisonous gas. Inhaling carbon monoxide can cause serious brain injury or death. DO NOT run the engine in enclosed areas. Operate only in a well-ventilated area.**

**WARNING**

**Gasoline is extremely flammable and can be explosive under certain conditions, creating the potential for serious burns.**

- Turn the ignition switch off.
- Do not smoke.
- Make sure the area is well ventilated and free from any source of flame or sparks; this includes any appliance with a pilot light.

**WARNING**

**Gasoline is a toxic substance. Dispose of gasoline properly. Contact your local authorities for approved disposal methods.**

- Clean the entire vehicle thoroughly.
- Run the engine for about five minutes to warm the oil, shut it off, and drain the engine oil. (see page 144)

**WARNING**

**Engine oil is a toxic substance. Dispose of used oil properly. Contact your local authorities for approved disposal methods or possible recycling.**

- Put in fresh engine oil.
- Empty the fuel from the fuel tank using a pump or syphon.
- Remove the spark plugs and add fogging oil into the combustion chambers. If the spark plugs cannot be removed, take the motorcycle to an authorized Bimota dealer.
- Set the motorcycle on a stand so that both wheels are raised off the ground. (If this cannot be done, put boards under the front and rear wheels to keep dampness away from the tire rubber.)
- Spray oil on all unpainted metal surfaces to prevent rusting. Avoid getting oil on rubber parts or in the brakes.
- Lubricate the drive chain and all the cables.
- Remove the battery, and store it where it will not be exposed to direct sunlight, moisture, or freezing temperatures. During storage it should be given a slow charge (one ampere or less) about once a month. Keep the battery well charged especially during cold weather.
- Tie plastic bag over the muffler to prevent moisture from entering.
- Put a cover over the motorcycle to keep dust and dirt from collecting on it.

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## **Preparation after Storage**

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- Remove the plastic bag from the muffler.
- Charge the battery if necessary and install the battery in the motorcycle.
- Fill the fuel tank with fresh fuel.
- Check all the points listed in the Daily Checks section. (see page 136)

- Lubricate the pivots, bolts, and nuts.

## Troubleshooting Guide

If any warning indicators go on or blink, see the Meter Instruments section for proper action.

The following trouble shooting guide may also help you in case you experience any of the listed problems. If these checks don't help you to solve the situation, consult an authorized Bimota dealer.

### **If the starter turns but the engine does not start:**

- Try turning the ignition switch off and on again.
- Check the fuel level in the tank.
- Try refilling with fresh fuel if the vehicle has been stored for a while.
- Check the battery voltage.
- Check the immobilizer key does not have anything attached which could prevent communication in the immobilizer system, such as spare key, other vehicle key, or any metal parts.

### **If the starter does not turn:**

- Check the ignition switch is turned on.
- Check the engine stop switch.
- Check the transmission is in neutral.

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- Check the battery voltage.
- Check the battery terminals are tightly attached.
- Check the fuse.

### **If the engine stalls:**

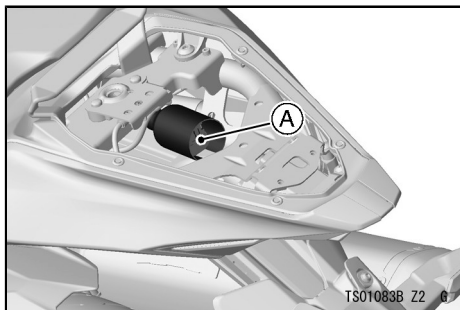
- Check the clutch is engaged/disengaged correctly.
- Check the side stand is up.
- Check the engine is warmed up enough.
- Check the fuel level in the tank.
- Try refilling with fresh fuel if the vehicle has been stored for a while.
- Check the idling speed is not too low.

## **Environmental Protection**

To help preserve the environment, properly discard used batteries, tires, oils and fluids, or other vehicle components that you might dispose of in the future. Consult your authorized Bimota dealer or local environmental waste agency for their proper disposal procedure. This also applies to disposal of the entire vehicle at the end of its life.

## Location of DFI System Diagnostic Connector

The DFI system diagnostic connector is located under the passenger's seat.



**A. DFI System Diagnostic Connector**

## Vehicle Data Recordings

This vehicle's ECU stores certain data to assist in problem diagnosis, and for other purposes such as periodic technical inspection, regulatory compliance, and research and development.

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Although the recorded data varies according to the vehicle model and region, the main information types are as follows:

- Data about the vehicle's status and settings.
  - Performance of the engine and electric control equipment on the engine and chassis.
  - Information related to the fuel injection system and emissions.
- The vehicle's ECU does not record conversations or images.

This data can only be collected when the Bimota special diagnostic tool is connected to the vehicle, such as when maintenance checks or other service procedures are performed.

The acquired information will not be disclosed to a third party except in following cases:

- With the consent of the vehicle owner or user
- In case of a legal request by a government agency or judicial body
- For various research purposes using processed information that do not identify the vehicle owner, user, or individual vehicle.

## Event Data Recorder

In common with many other vehicle manufacturers, Bimota has equipped this motorcycle with an event data recorder (EDR). The purpose of this device is to

record data that assists with understanding of how some of the vehicle's systems were performing during a short period of time immediately before and during an accident or similar event involving minor damage. Due to accident variables, all vehicle performance data may not be stored on the EDR.

### NOTE

- *During normal riding, data is recorded but not saved unless the vehicle is involved in an accident event.*
- *At no time other than in the event of an accident or similar event involving minor damage is it possible for EDR data to be stored for retrieval.*
- *Depending on the type of accident event, it is possible that the EDR may not record some or all of the data, or it may not record if the EDR is damaged.*
- *This device does not collect or store personal data or information (e.g. name, gender, age).*

The EDR in this vehicle is designed to record only data that is relevant to the vehicle's running condition at the time of an accident like, but not limited to, vehicle speed, engine crankshaft rotational speed and throttle opening, etc.

This data can help provide a better understanding for both the rider and the manufacturer of how the vehicle was performing at the time of an accident or near accident-like situation.

To read data recorded by an EDR, special equipment and access to the EDR is required. Bimota will not access or share the EDR information without obtaining your consent, unless legally obliged to do so.

## Regulatory Information

### USA:

Each radio frequency device installed in the vehicle conforms to the requirements and standards of the regulation below:

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

TR01095B S

### Canada:

Each radio frequency device installed in the vehicle conforms to the requirements and standards of the regulation below:

This device contains licence-exempt transmitter(s)/receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's licence-exempt RSS(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause interference.
- (2) This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

TR01096B S

Chaque dispositif de radiofréquence installé dans le véhicule est conforme aux exigences et aux normes du règlement ci-dessous:

L'émetteur/récepteur exempt de licence contenu dans le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Innovation, Sciences et Développement économique Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes:

- (1) L'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage;
- (2) L'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

TR01097B S

## Mexico:

La operación de este equipo está sujeta a las siguientes dos condiciones:

- (1) Es posible que este equipo o dispositivo no cause interferencia perjudicial y
- (2) Este equipo o dispositivo debe aceptar cualquier interferencia, incluyendo la que pueda causar su operación no deseada.

TR01137B G3 G

## BATTERY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENT

### General Information for Batteries

This Battery Information Supplement provides additional information about the motor drive battery pack, 12 V battery, coin battery installed in the vehicle. Read carefully to understand the battery before use.



**Getting the electrolyte on clothing, skin or eyes can cause serious injury or death. If it gets on clothing, skin or eyes, immediately wash with plenty of water for at least 5 minutes (15 minutes for eyes) and seek medical specialist attention.**

**WARNING**

**Improper handling the battery can cause electric shock, severe burns, and serious injury or death. Observe the precautions listed below.**

- **Keep away from sparks, fire, or heat sources that can cause high temperatures.**
- **Keep out of reach of children or pets.**
- **Do not drop or shock.**
- **Do not touch or connect the terminals with metal.**
- **Do not splash water or touch with wet hands.**
- **Do not disassemble or modify.**
- **Never use if damaged, deformed or submerged.**
- **If you notice smoke or smell something, stop using immediately.**

**NOTICE**

**Improper handling the battery can damage them. Observe the precautions listed below.**

- **Do not drop, shock, puncture or deform.**
- **Do not place heavy objects on top.**
- **Keep away from sparks, fire, or heat sources that can cause high temperatures.**
- **Never plug the battery exhaust holes.**

***NOTICE***

If the battery is used or stored in an environment where the outside air is cold or hot, it may freeze or overheat, causing damage. Do not use or store in an environment where outside air is cold or hot.

***NOTICE***

Short circuits with other batteries or metal products can cause leakage, heat generation, burst, or fire. For storage, transportation, and disposal, insulate the terminals with tape.

***NOTICE***

Putting the battery in a microwave oven or high-pressure container can cause the battery to heat generation, burst, or fire. Do not put in microwave oven or high pressure container.

***NOTICE***

If you mix batteries of different brands or types, or new and old batteries, the batteries may leak, heat up, or burst due to differences in characteristics. Do not mix.

***NOTICE***

Reversing or underconnecting the battery can damage the battery or electrical system. To prevent damage, make sure the connection is correct.

***NOTICE***

Continued charging beyond the specified charging time may cause leakage, heat generation, burst, or fire. If charging is not completed within the specified time, it is considered to be a problem with the battery or charger, so stop charging.

***NOTICE***

If the battery is exposed to static electricity, it may explode due to static electricity. Before inspection or maintenance, touch the metal parts of the vehicle with your bare hands to release static electricity.

***NOTICE***

Cleaning the battery with organic solvents such as benzene, thinner, gasoline, or detergents can cause deterioration of the battery and leakage. Do not use them to clean.

**NOTE**

- *Use a battery with the specifications and performance described in the Owner's Manual.*

## Postscript on Coin Battery

 **DANGER**

Swallowing batteries can cause chemical burns and penetration of mucosal tissues, resulting in serious injury or death. Keep them out of reach of children. If the battery is swallowed, it needs to be removed, so seek medical specialist attention immediately.

***NOTICE***

Charging the battery may cause gas or damage to the internal structure, resulting in leakage, heat generation, rupture, or ignition. Never charge the battery.

***NOTICE***

If the device is left connected for a long period of time, gas generated from the battery may cause the battery to leak, heat, burst, ignite, or damage the device. If you do not use the device for a long time, or if the battery is used up, remove it from the device.

***NOTICE***

Soldering batteries directly can cause them to leak, heat, burst, or fire due to heat damage. Do not solder directly.

***NOTICE***

Depending on the device, the metal part of the battery holder may come into contact with the (+) and (–) terminals of the battery. Attach the battery to the device so that it does not short out.

## MAINTENANCE RECORD

Owner Name

Address

Phone Number

Engine Number

Vehicle Number

Key Code

Selling Dealer Name

Phone Number

Warranty Start Date

**Note:** Keep this information and a spare key in a secure location.







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**KB400A/B**

**BIMOTA S.P.A.**

**Kawasaki Motors, Ltd.**

Printed in Thailand

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